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The English text is the original instruction. Other languages are translations of the original instructions.
1. Safety considerations

Read these Safety considerations for Installation carefully before installing air conditioning equipment. After completing the installation, make sure that the unit operates properly during the startup operation.

Instruct the customer on how to operate and maintain the unit. Always use a licensed installer or contractor to install this product. Improper installation can result in water or refrigerant leakage, electrical shock, fire, or explosion.

Meanings of DANGER, WARNING, CAUTION, and NOTE

Symbols:

DANGER ..... Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

WARNING .... Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

CAUTION .... Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury. It may also be used to alert against unsafe practices.

NOTE ........ Indicates situations that may result in equipment or property-damage accidents only.

DANGER

- Refrigerant gas is heavier than air and replaces oxygen. A massive leak can lead to oxygen depletion, especially in basements, and an asphyxiation hazard could occur leading to serious injury or death.
- Do not ground units to water pipes, gas pipes, telephone wires, or lightning rods as incomplete grounding can cause a severe shock hazard resulting in severe injury or death. Additionally, grounding to gas pipes could cause a gas leak and potential explosion causing severe injury or death.
- If refrigerant gas leaks during installation, ventilate the area immediately. Refrigerant gas may produce toxic gas if it comes in contact with fire. Exposure to this gas could cause severe injury or death.
- After completing the installation work, check that the refrigerant gas does not leak throughout the system.
- Do not install unit in an area where flammable materials are present due to risk of explosions that can cause serious injury or death.
- Safely dispose all packing and transportation materials in accordance with federal/state/local laws or ordinances. Packing materials such as nails and other metal or wood parts, including plastic packing materials used for transportation may cause injuries or death by suffocation.

WARNING

- Only qualified personnel must carry out the installation work. Installation must be done in accordance with this installation manual. Improper installation may result in water leakage, electric shock, or fire.
- When installing the unit in a small room, take measures to keep the refrigerant concentration from exceeding allowable safety limits. Excessive refrigerant leaks, in the event of an accident in a closed ambient space, can lead to oxygen deficiency.
- Use only specified accessories and parts for installation work. Failure to use specified parts may result in water leakage, electric shocks, fire, or the unit failing.
- Install the air conditioner or heat pump on a foundation strong enough that it can withstand the weight of the unit. A foundation of insufficient strength may result in the unit failing and causing injuries.
- Take into account strong winds, typhoons, or earthquakes when installing. Improper installation may result in the unit failing and causing accidents.
- Make sure that a separate power supply circuit is provided for this unit and that all electrical work is carried out by qualified personnel according to local, state and national regulations. An insufficient power supply capacity or improper electrical construction may lead to electric shocks or fire.
- Make sure that all wiring is secured, that specified wires are used, and that no external forces act on the terminal connections or wires. Improper connections or installation may result in fire.
- When wiring, position the wires so that the control box cover can be securely fastened. Improper positioning of the control box cover may result in electric shocks, fire, or the terminals overheating.
- Before touching electrical parts, turn off the unit.
- This equipment can be installed with a Ground-Fault Circuit Breaker (GFCI). Although this is a recognized measure for additional protection, with the earthing system in North America, a dedicated GFCI is not necessary.
- Securely fasten the outdoor unit terminal cover (panel). If the terminal cover/panel is not installed properly, dust or water may enter the outdoor unit causing fire or electric shock.
- When installing or relocating the system, keep the refrigerant circuit free from substances other than the specified refrigerant (R410A) such as air. Any presence of air or other foreign substance in the refrigerant circuit can cause an abnormal pressure rise or rupture, resulting in injury.
- Do not change the setting of the protection devices. If the pressure switch, thermal switch, or other protection device is shorted and operated forcibly, or parts other than those specified by Daikin are used, fire or explosion may occur.
• Refrigerant R410A in the system must be kept clean,
• Do not turn off the power supply immediately after
• Be careful when transporting the product.
• Insulate piping to prevent condensation.
• Install drain piping to proper drainage. Improper
• Heat exchanger fins are sharp enough to cut.
• Do not touch the refrigerant pipes during and
• CAUTION
• Do not install the air conditioner or heat pump in the
• Indoor units are for indoor installation only. Outdoor
• Remote controller (wireless kit) transmitting
• The indoor unit is for R410A. See the catalog for
• Since R410A is a blend, the required additional
• Refrigerant Piping Work and follow the
• NOTE
• Install the power supply and transmission wires for
• CAUTION
• Do not turn off the power supply immediately after
• Do not use a charging cylinder. Using a charging
• Refrigerant R410A in the system must be kept clean,
• (a) Clean and Dry - Foreign materials (including
• (b) Tight - R410A does not contain any chlorine,
• (a) Clean and Dry - Foreign materials (including
• (b) Tight - R410A does not contain any chlorine,
• Since R410A is a blend, the required additional
• The indoor unit is for R410A. See the catalog for
• Remote controller (wireless kit) transmitting
• Indoor units are for indoor installation only. Outdoor
• Do not install the air conditioner or heat pump in the
• (a) Where a mineral oil mist or oil spray or vapor is
• (b) Where corrosive gas, such as sulfuric acid gas,
• (c) Near machinery emitting electromagnetic waves.
• (d) Where flammable gas may leak, where there is
• Take adequate measures to prevent the outdoor unit
• Commissioning and maintaining the unit, and it will provide help if problems occur. Carefully read the relevant parts of the manual.

2. About the documentation

2.1. About this document
This document is an installation manual. It is intended for authorized installers of this product. It describes the procedures for installing, commissioning and maintaining the unit, and it will provide help if problems occur. Carefully read the relevant parts of the manual.

This document is also an operation manual. It is intended for the installer and the user of this product. It describes how to operate and maintain the unit, and it will provide help if problems occur. Carefully read the relevant parts of the manual.
2.2. Scope of the manual

This manual does NOT include the selection procedure and the water system design procedure. Only some precautions and tips and tricks about the design of the water circuit are given in a separate chapter of this manual.

Once the selection is done and the water system is designed, this manual describes the procedures for handling, installing and connecting the HXY48TAVJU unit. This manual has been prepared to ensure adequate maintenance of the unit, and it will provide help if problems occur.

2.3. Documentation set

This document is part of a documentation set. The complete set consists of:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Document</th>
<th>Contains...</th>
<th>Format</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Indoor unit installation/operation manual</td>
<td>Installation and operator instructions</td>
<td>Indoor unit installation/operation manual</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outdoor unit installation manual</td>
<td>See info delivered with outdoor unit</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Latest revisions of the supplied documentation may be available on the regional Daikin website or via your dealer.

3. About the box

- At delivery, the unit must be checked for damage. Any damage must be reported immediately to the carrier’s claims agent.
- Bring the packed unit as close as possible to its final installation position to prevent damage during transport.

3.1. Indoor unit

3.1.1. To unpack the indoor unit

![Unfix front panel. Tilt the bottom side of the front panel upwards and remove it.](image)

**INFORMATION**

Do NOT throw away the upper cardboard cover. On the inside of the cardboard cover, the installation pattern is printed.

3.1.2. To remove the accessories from the indoor unit

The installation/operation manual indoor unit is located in the upper part of the box. Follow the procedure below to remove the other accessories.

1. Unfix front panel.
2. Tilt the bottom side of the front panel upwards and remove it.

**WARNING**

Tear apart and throw away plastic packaging bags so that children will not play with them. Children playing with plastic bags face danger of death by suffocation.
3. Remove the accessories.

a. HXY48 manual
b. User interface kit: user interface, 4 fixing screws, 2 plugs
c. Shut-off valve
d. User interface cover
e. 2 fixing screws front panel
f. Bottom plate
g. 4 fixing screws bottom plate
h. Top plate
i. Conduit mounting plates
j. Adaptors

4. About the unit and options

4.1. General information

This installation manual concerns VRV indoor unit air to water inverter heat pump units of the Daikin HXY48 series. This unit is intended for indoor installation and aimed for commercial and public buildings. The unit is designed for wall mounted installation. HXY48 unit has a heating capacity of 48 MBh (14 kW), cooling capacity of 43 MBh (12.5 kW). The indoor unit is designed to work at indoor ambient temperatures from 41°F (5°C) to 86°F (30°C).

During heating operation, the unit can heat up water to temperatures of 77°F (25°C) to 113°F (45°C), cooling operation of 50°F (10°C) to 68°F (20°C).

The unit is designed for indoor installation (outdoor temperatures: cooling 50°F (10°C) to 109°F (43°C), heating -4°F (-20°C) to 75°F (24°C)) (for details see technical data book).

4.2. Identification

NOTE
When installing or servicing several units at the same time, make sure NOT to switch the service panels between different models.

4.2.1. Identification label: Indoor unit

Location

Model identification

Modelname: HXY48TAVJU

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>H</td>
<td>Hydro Box</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>X</td>
<td>VRV connection</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Reversible applications (cooling + heating)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>48</td>
<td>Capacity class (approx.):</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>43 kBtu/hr Cooling Capacity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>48 kBtu/hr Heating Capacity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TA</td>
<td>Series</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VJ</td>
<td>Voltage 1 P~, 208-230 V, 60Hz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U</td>
<td>North American Market</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

TEMPERATURE CONVERSION TABLE

<table>
<thead>
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<th>°C</th>
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<th>°C</th>
<th>°F</th>
<th>°C</th>
<th>°F</th>
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</thead>
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<tr>
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<td>19</td>
<td>66.2</td>
<td>33</td>
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<td>6</td>
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<td>20</td>
<td>68</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>93.2</td>
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<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>44.6</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>69.8</td>
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<td>38</td>
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<td>51.8</td>
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<td>39</td>
<td>102.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>26</td>
<td>78.8</td>
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<td>13</td>
<td>55.4</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>80.6</td>
<td>41</td>
<td>106.8</td>
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<td>57.2</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>82.4</td>
<td>42</td>
<td>107.6</td>
</tr>
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<td>59</td>
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<td>84.2</td>
<td>43</td>
<td>109.4</td>
</tr>
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<td>44</td>
<td>111.2</td>
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<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>62.6</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>87.8</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>113</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>64.4</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>89.6</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Drain pan kit (EKHBPCA2)

The drain pan is required to drain accumulated condensation from the indoor unit. It is required during low temperature cooling operation of the indoor unit and when the leaving water temperature is <64°F (18°C).

For installation of this option into the indoor unit, refer to the installation manual delivered with this option kit.

Demand PCB (EKRP1AHTA)

An optional EKRP1AHTA demand PCB can be connected to the indoor unit. This PCB is needed when an external room thermostat is installed and provides the communication with the indoor unit.

Refer to the demand PCB installation manual for further details.

Refer to the wiring diagram or connection diagram for connecting this PCB to the unit and "7.3.5. To connect the electrical wiring on the indoor unit" on page 15.

5. Application guidelines

5.1. Overview: Application guidelines

The purpose of the application guidelines is to give a glance of the possibilities of the Daikin heat pump system.

NOTE
- The illustrations in the application guidelines are meant for reference only, and are NOT to be used as detailed hydraulic diagrams. The detailed hydraulic dimensioning and balancing are NOT shown, and are the responsibility of the installer.
- For more information about the configuration settings to optimize heat pump operation, see the configuration chapter.

This chapter contains applications guidelines for:
- Setting up the space heating/cooling system
- Setting up an auxiliary heat source for space heating

5.2. Setting up the space heating/cooling system

The Daikin heat pump system supplies leaving water to heat emitters in one or more rooms.

Because the system offers a wide flexibility to control the temperature in each room, you need to answer the following questions first:
- How many rooms are heated (or cooled) by the Daikin heat pump system?
- Which heat emitter types are used in each room and what is their design leaving water temperature?

Once the space heating/cooling requirements are clear, Daikin recommends to follow the setup guidelines below.

5.2.1. Single room

Under floor heating or heat pump convector – Wired room thermostat

Setup

Benefits
- Cost effective. You do NOT need an additional external room thermostat.
- High comfort and efficiency. The smart room thermostat functionality can decrease or increase the desired leaving water temperature based on the actual room temperature (modulation). This results in:
  - Stable room temperature matching the desired temperature (higher comfort)
  - Less ON/OFF cycles (more quiet, higher comfort and higher efficiency)
  - Lowest possible leaving water temperature (higher efficiency)
- Easy. You can easily set the desired room temperature via the user interface:
  - For your daily needs, you can use preset values and schedules.
  - To deviate from your daily needs, you can temporarily overrule the preset values and schedules.

INFORMATION
For detailed information, refer to the VRV heat pump combination table in Technical Data. Combinations are explained depending on the system layout of the VRV heat pump series.

NOTE
- The illustrations in the application guidelines are meant for reference only, and are NOT to be used as detailed hydraulic diagrams. The detailed hydraulic dimensioning and balancing are NOT shown, and are the responsibility of the installer.
- For more information about the configuration settings to optimize heat pump operation, see the configuration chapter.

For more information about the configuration settings to optimize heat pump operation, see the configuration chapter.
5.3. Using an auxiliary heat source

- Outdoor VRV
- Floor heating loop (field supply)
- Collector (field supply)
- Auxiliary heat source (field supply)
- Shut-off valve
- Aquastat valve (field supply)
- Bypass valve (field supply)

**NOTE**
- Make sure the auxiliary boiler and its integration in the system complies with applicable legislation.
- Daikin is NOT responsible for incorrect or unsafe situations in the auxiliary boiler system.

- Make sure the return water to the heat pump does NOT exceed 113°F (45°C). To do so:
  - Set the desired water temperature via the auxiliary boiler controller to maximum 113°F (45°C).
  - Install an aquastat valve in the return water flow of the heat pump.
  - Set the aquastat valve to close above 113°F (45°C) and to open below 113°F (45°C).
  - Install non-return valves.
  - Make sure to only have one expansion vessel in the water circuit. An expansion vessel is already pre-mounted in the indoor unit.

6. Preparation

6.1. Preparing installation site

Do NOT install the unit in places often used as work place. In case of construction works (e.g. grinding works) where a lot of dust is created, the unit must be covered.

Choose the installation location with sufficient place for carrying the unit in and out of the site.

6.1.1. Installation site requirements of the indoor unit

**WARNING**
- Be sure to provide for adequate measures in order to prevent that the unit is used as a shelter by small animals.
- Small animals making contact with electrical parts can cause malfunctions, smoke or fire. Please instruct the customer to keep the area around the unit clean and clear.

Select an installation site that meets the following requirements:
- All piping lengths and distances have been taken into consideration (for requirements of piping length for the refrigerant piping, refer to the outdoor unit installation manual):
- Mind the measurement guidelines:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Requirement</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maximum total piping length.</td>
<td>&lt;984 ft (300 m)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum refrigerant piping length between indoor and outdoor unit.</td>
<td>&lt;443 ft (135 m)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Equivalent piping length between indoor unit and outdoor unit.</td>
<td>&lt;525 ft (160 m)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum Indoor/outdoor unit height difference (a)</td>
<td>&lt;130 ft (40 m)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum Indoor/outdoor unit height difference (b)</td>
<td>&lt;164 ft (50 m)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(a) Refer to VRV piping length restrictions to judge the complete VRV system integration.
(b) Please do not change height difference setting in the field setting mode and use default setting.

**NOTE**
- Mind the following spacing installation guidelines.

**WARNING**
- Excessive refrigerant concentrations in a closed room can lead to oxygen deficiency.

- Do not climb, sit or stand on top of the unit.
- Do not place any objects or equipment on top of the unit (top plate).
- Do NOT install the unit in places such as:
  - Where there is mist of mineral oil, oil spray or vapour. Plastic parts may deteriorate, and cause them to fall out or water to leak.
  - Do NOT install the unit in sound sensitive areas (e.g. near a bedroom and the like), so that the operation noise will cause no trouble.
Note: If the sound is measured under actual installation conditions, the measured value will be higher than the sound pressure level mentioned in Sound spectrum due to environmental noise and sound reflections.

The foundation must be strong enough to bear the weight of the unit.

Make sure, in the event of a water leak, water cannot cause any damage to the installation space and surroundings.

In places with high humidity (max. RH=85%), for example a bathroom.

In places where frost is possible. Ambient temperature around the indoor unit should be >41°F (5°C).

The indoor unit is designed for indoor installation only and for indoor ambient temperatures ranging 41–95°F (5–35°C) in cooling mode and 41–86°F (5–30°C) in heating mode.

6.2. Preparing water circuit

6.2.1. Selection of the type of heat emitters

The selection of the heat emitter is the choice of the end customer. The choice of the heat emitter will define the needed water temperature from the unit.

Based on the needed water temperature for the heat emitters, following range can be defined:

1. Low temperature (heating leaving water temperature range from 77°F to 104°F (25°C to 40°C), cooling leaving water temperature range from 68°F to 84°F (20°C to 18°C)).
2. Medium temperature (heating leaving water temperature range from 104°F to 113°F (40°C to 45°C), cooling leaving water temperature range from 54°F to 50°F (12°C to 10°C)).

Once the heat emitters are chosen, the capacity of these heat emitters should be defined and from this the dimensioning and position of the heat emitters in the different rooms should be decided.

An important parameter of the heat emitters is the temperature difference between entering water and leaving water.

This will define the water flow in the system.

Finally, the piping layout from the heat source to the different heat emitters needs to be drawn.

This will finally define following important parameters:

- Minimal water volume in the system.
- Maximal water volume in the system.
- Minimal and maximal water flow in system.
- Maximal pressure drop in the system.

6.2.2. Water circuit requirements

- Use the indoor unit only in a closed water system. Using the system in an open water system will lead to excessive corrosion.
- Maximum water temperature is 113°F (45°C) (heating) and minimum water temperature is 50°F (10°C) (cooling).
- The maximum water pressure is 44 psi (3 bar).
- Provide adequate safeguards in the water circuit to ensure that the maximum pressure is NOT exceeded.
- All installed piping and piping accessories (valve, connections, ...) must withstand the following temperatures.

INFORMATION

The following illustration is an example and may NOT match your system layout.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>Minimum water flow</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HXY48TAVJU</td>
<td>3.4 gpm (15 l/min)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
It is strongly recommended to install an additional filter on the heating water circuit. Especially to remove metallic particles from the field heating piping, it is advised to use a magnetic or cyclone filter, which can remove small particles. Small particles may damage the unit and will NOT be removed by the standard filter of the heat pump system.

If air or dust gets into the water circuit, problems may occur. To prevent this:
- Only use clean pipes
- Hold the pipe end downwards when removing burrs.
- Cover the pipe end when inserting it through a wall, to prevent dust or particles entering the pipe.
- Use a decent thread sealant to seal connections.

For safety reasons, it is NOT allowed to add any kind of glycol to the water circuit.

The installation must be in compliance with the applicable legislation and may require additional hygienic installation measures.

In accordance with the applicable legislation, it may be necessary to install thermostatic mixing valves.

6.2.3. Formula to calculate the expansion vessel pre-pressure
The pre-pressure (P_g) of the vessel depends on the installation height difference (H) ft (m):

\[ P_g = 4.35 + \frac{H (ft)}{2.31} \text{ (psi) } \quad \text{or} \quad P_g = 0.3 + \frac{H (m)}{10} \text{ (bar)} \]

6.2.4. To check the water volume
The indoor unit has an expansion vessel of 2.6 gallon (10 liter) with a factory set pre-pressure of 14.5 psi (1 bar).

To make sure that the unit operates properly:
- You must check the minimum and maximum water volume.
- You might need to adjust the pre-pressure of the expansion vessel.

Minimum water volume
Check that the total water volume in the installation is minimum 5.3 gallon (20 liter), the internal water volume of the indoor unit NOT included.

Example: Maximum water volume and expansion vessel pre-pressure

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Installation height difference (m)</th>
<th>Water volume ≤74 gal (280 l)</th>
<th>Water volume &gt;74 gal (280 l)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>≤23 ft (7 m)</td>
<td>No pre-pressure adjustment is required.</td>
<td>Do the following:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Do the following:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Increase the pre-pressure.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Check if the water volume does NOT exceed the maximum allow water volume.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&gt;23 ft (7 m)</td>
<td>Do the following:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Decrease the pre-pressure.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Check if the water volume does NOT exceed the maximum allowed water volume.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: This is the height difference (m) between the highest point of the water circuit and the indoor unit. If the indoor unit is at the highest point of the installation, the installation height is 0 m.

In critical processes, or in rooms with a high heat load, extra water might be required.
6.2.5. Changing the pre-pressure of the expansion vessel

**WARNING**

Only a licensed installer may adjust the pre-pressure of the expansion vessel.

When changing the default pre-pressure of the expansion vessel (14.5 psi (1 bar)) is required, take following guidelines into account:

- Only use dry nitrogen to set the expansion vessel pre-pressure.
- Inappropriate setting of the expansion vessel pre-pressure will lead to malfunction of the system.

Changing the pre-pressure of the expansion vessel should be done by releasing or increasing nitrogen pressure through the Schrader valve of the expansion vessel.

6.2.6. To check the water volume: Examples

**Example 1**

The indoor unit is installed 16 ft (5 m) below the highest point in the water circuit. The total water volume in the water circuit is 26 gal (100 l).

No actions or adjustments are required.

**Example 2**

The indoor unit is installed at the highest point in the water circuit. The total water volume in the water circuit is 92 gal (350 l).

**Actions:**

- Because the total water volume 92 gal (350 l) is more than the default water volume 74 gal (280 l), the pre-pressure must be decreased.
- The required pre-pressure is: 
  
  \[ P_g = (4.35 + H/10) = (4.35 + 0/10) = 4.35 \text{ psi (0.3 bar)} \]

  - The corresponding maximum water volume at 4.35 psi (0.3 bar) is 108.3 gal (410 l). (See the graph in the chapter above).
  - Because 92 gal (350 l) is lower than 108.3 gal (410 l), the expansion vessel is appropriate for the installation.

6.3. Preparing electrical wiring

6.3.1. About preparing electrical wiring

**NOTE**

Only a licensed installer may adjust the pre-pressure of the expansion vessel.

**WARNING**

- Establish proper earthing. Do NOT earth the unit to a utility pipe, surge absorber, or telephone earth. Incomplete earthing may cause electrical shock.
- Install the required fuses or circuit breakers.
- Secure the electrical wiring with cable ties so that the cables do NOT come in contact with the piping or sharp edges, particularly on the high-pressure side.
- Do NOT use taped wires, stranded conductor wires, extension cords, or connections from a star system. They can cause overheating, electrical shock or fire.
- All wiring must be performed by an authorized electrician and must comply with the applicable legislation.
- Make electrical connections to the fixed wiring.
- All components procured on the site and all electrical construction must comply with the applicable legislation.

**WARNING**

- The indoor unit should have a dedicated power supply.
### 6.3.2. Overview of electrical connections on the indoor unit

The following illustration shows the required field wiring.

**INFORMATION**

- The following illustration is an example and may NOT match your system layout.
- For details see “13.2. Wiring diagram” on page 39.

![Diagram of electrical connections on the indoor unit]

- a Dedicated power supply for the indoor unit
- b HXY48
- c User interface
- d Optional user interface

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Wiring</th>
<th>Maximum running current</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Indoor unit power supply</td>
<td>2+GND</td>
<td>10A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Malfunction output*</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0.3 A (b)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Operation ON/OFF output</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0.3 A (b)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Cooling/heating output</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0.3 A (b)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Operation ON signal*</td>
<td>2 (c)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Operation OFF signal*</td>
<td>2 (c)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Indoor/outdoor transmission</td>
<td>2 (c)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>User interface transmission</td>
<td>2 (c)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(a) Refer to name plate on the indoor unit.
(b) Minimum cable section 0.75 mm² (AWG18).
(c) Cable section 0.75 mm² (AWG18).
* Demand PCB kit (EKRP1AHTA) is required.

### 7. Installation

Before installing, first read the instructions of previous chapter.

**INFORMATION**

Installation shall be done by an installer, the choice of materials and installation shall comply with the applicable legislation.

#### 7.1. Mounting the indoor unit

**7.1.1. To install the indoor unit**

1. Remove the accessories from the unit, see instructions in chapter “3.1.2. To remove the accessories from the indoor unit” on page 4.

2. Install indoor unit as follows.

**WARNING**

Tear apart and throw away plastic packaging bags so that children will not play with them. Children playing with plastic bags face danger of death by suffocation.

**CAUTION**

Do NOT grasp the piping to lift the indoor unit.

**NOTE**

Please install following the spacing installation guidelines as described in “6.1.1. Installation site requirements of the indoor unit” on page 7.
7.1.2. To install the drainpan kit
If a drainpan kit is required, install it before connecting the refrigerant and water pipes and the electrical wiring.

To install, see the installation manual of the drain pan kit.

7.1.3. To connect the refrigerant piping to the outdoor unit

For details concerning vacuuming and operating the unit during vacuuming, see installation manual of outdoor unit.

For details concerning piping sizes and refrigerant selection, see installation manual of the outdoor unit.

NOTE
Do NOT put power on the unit before vacuuming is completed. In case this happened, refer to the instructions in the installation manual of the outdoor unit to avoid dirt, air or nitrogen to be trapped in the piping.

7.2. Connecting the water piping

7.2.1. To connect the water piping

NOTE
Do NOT use excessive force when connecting the piping. Deformation of the piping can cause malfunctioning of the unit.

To facilitate service and maintenance, 2 shut-off valves are provided. Mount the valves on the water inlet and on the water outlet. Mind their position. Orientation of the integrated drain valves is important for servicing.

1 Install the shut-off valves on the water pipes.
2 Screw the indoor unit nuts on the shut-off valves.
3 Clean male and female threads.
4 Make sure all thread surfaces are dry and free of debris.
5 Apply an appropriate sealant material (i.e. Loctite, Teflon tape) to the threads. The sealant material be fully and continuously applied in the groove of the threads, 360° around male threads.
6 Screw the adaptors on the shut-off valves.
7 Connect the field piping on the adaptors.
8 Assemble parts wrench tight. Do NOT overtighten, as this may deform the female portion of the connection.

NOTE
It is recommended to install a pressure reducing valve on the cold water inlet in accordance with the applicable legislation.
7.2.2. To install the bottom plate and connect safety valve drain hose

1. Connect the water supply hose to the drain and fill valve.

2. Open the drain and fill valve.

3. Make sure that the automatic air purge valve is open (at least 2 turns).

4. Fill the circuit with water until the manometer indicates a pressure of ±29 psi (2.0 bar).

5. Purge as much air as possible from the water circuit.

6. Close the drain and fill valve.

7. Disconnect the water supply hose from the drain and fill valve.

---

**NOTE**

Air in the water circuit can cause malfunctioning of the flow switch. During filling, it may not be possible to remove all the air from the circuit. Remaining air will be removed through the automatic air purge valves during the initial operating hours of the system. Additional filling with water afterwards may be required.

Pump only operation in order to purge the air of the system is possible through field settings. Refer to field settings of [E-04] in the chapter "[E] Service mode" on page 21 for further details.

- The unit might dispose some excessive water through the pressure relief valve.
- Water quality must be accordingly to local regulation standards.

---

**NOTE**

The water pressure needle on the manometer will vary depending on the water temperature (higher pressure at higher water temperature).

However, at all times water pressure shall remain above 14.5 psi (1 bar) to avoid air entering the circuit.
### 7.2.4. Water quality requirements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item(a)</th>
<th>Standard items</th>
<th>Reference items</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>pH (77°F (25°C))</td>
<td>6.0~8.2</td>
<td>&lt;1.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electrical conductivity (mS/m)</td>
<td>&lt;24.4 (85)</td>
<td>&lt;0.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chloride ions (mg Cl⁻/l)</td>
<td>&lt;200</td>
<td>&lt;0.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sulfate ions (mg SO₄²⁻/l)</td>
<td>&lt;200</td>
<td>&lt;0.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acid consumption (pH 4.8) (mg CaCO₃/l)</td>
<td>&lt;100</td>
<td>&lt;0.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total hardness (mg CaCO₃/l)</td>
<td>&lt;200</td>
<td>&lt;0.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calcium hardness (mg CaCO₃/l)</td>
<td>&lt;150</td>
<td>&lt;0.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ionic-state silica (mg SiO₂/l)</td>
<td>&lt;50</td>
<td>&lt;0.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Iron (mg Fe/l)</td>
<td>&lt;1.0</td>
<td>&lt;0.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Copper (mg Cu/l)</td>
<td>&lt;0.3</td>
<td>&lt;0.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sulfate ion (mg SO₄²⁻/l)</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ammonium ion (mg NH₄⁺/l)</td>
<td>&lt;1.0</td>
<td>&lt;0.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Residual chlorine (mg Cl⁻/l)</td>
<td>&lt;0.3</td>
<td>&lt;0.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Free carbon dioxide (mg CO₂/l)</td>
<td>&lt;4.0</td>
<td>&lt;0.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stability index</td>
<td>6.0~7.0</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(a) These items represent typical causes of corrosion and scale.
(b) In a condenser water circuit that uses a closed cooling tower, the closed circuit circulating water and make-up water MUST meet the water quality standards for the hot water system, and passing water and make-up water MUST satisfy those for the circulation type cooling water system.
(c) Corrosion has a tendency to occur when water temperature is high (104°F (40°C) or higher), and if metals with no protective coating are directly exposed to water, it would be a good idea to take effective measures against corrosion such as adding a corrosion inhibitor or deaeration treatment.
(d) The circle marks in the columns indicate a tendency for corrosion or scale to develop.

#### NOTE
- The supply water MUST be clean tap water, industrial water or clean underground water. DO NOT use purified or softened water.
- Do NOT use once-through water. It may cause corrosion.

#### 7.2.5. To insulate the water piping

The piping in the complete water circuit must be insulated to prevent condensation during cooling operation and reduce capacity losses during heating and cooling operations.

If the temperature is higher than 86°F (30°C) and the humidity is higher than RH 80%, the thickness of the sealing materials should be at least 0.8 inch (20 mm) to prevent condensation on the surface of the sealing.

#### 7.3. Connecting the electrical wiring

#### 7.3.1. Precautions on electrical wiring work

#### WARNING: Electrical Installation

- All field wiring and components must be installed by an installer and must comply with the applicable legislation.

#### NOTE

- Electrical wiring work recommendations.
  - Do not operate the unit until the refrigerant piping is complete. Running the unit before the piping is ready will break the compressor.
7.3.2. System overview of field wiring

Field wiring consists of power supply, indoor-outdoor communication (=transmission F1/F2) wiring, wiring of the user interface (=P1/P2), wiring for connection of options and field supply accessories.

7.3.3. Requirements

A power supply (refer to the table mentioned in "6.3.2. Overview of electrical connections on the indoor unit" on page 11) must be provided for connection of the unit. The power supply must be protected with the required safety devices, i.e. a main switch, a slow blow fuse on each phase and an earth leakage protector in accordance with applicable legislation.

Selection and sizing of the wiring should be done in accordance with the applicable legislation based on the information mentioned in the table "6.3.2. Overview of electrical connections on the indoor unit" on page 11.

7.3.4. To open the switch box cover

7.3.5. To connect the electrical wiring on the indoor unit

NOTE

Check the table in "6.3.2. Overview of electrical connections on the indoor unit" on page 11 to know which wiring should be routed in the high voltage cable bundle and which wiring should be routed in the low voltage cable bundle.

2 Put the 2 conduit mounting plates onto the bottom plate for high voltage line.
3 Wiring should enter the unit from the bottom.
Fixation of the user interface to the indoor unit

**INFORMATION**
For connection to the switchbox see "7.3.5. To connect the electrical wiring on the indoor unit" on page 15.

1. Fix the wallplate of the user interface to the frontplate of the unit. For installation of the frontplate, see "7.4.1. To fix the user interface cover to the indoor unit" on page 17.

2. Cut off a 2 wire conductor.

3. Connect the wires to the user interface as shown below.

4. Reinstall the faceplate onto the wallplate. First begin fitting from the clips at the bottom.

5. Remove the user interface cover from its hinge.

**NOTE**
Be careful NOT to distort the shape of the backside of the user interface by overtightening the mounting screws.

From the rear

INFORMATION
If next to the standard remote controller the optional remote controller is installed as well:

- Connect the electrical wires of both remote controllers in the same way like described above.
- Select a main and a sub remote controller by switching the SS1 selector switch.

Only the remote controller set as main can work as room thermostat.

How to connect for multi unit

**INFORMATION**
For multiple hydro units control, connect the user interface to the unit as instructed above. For all other units to be controlled by this controller every next unit has to be connected as shown in the figure below (meaning: make a connection from P1 of the previous unit to P1 of the next unit, and make a connection from P2 of the previous unit to P2 of the next unit, and so on...).

Limitation: up to 16 hydrobox units
7.4. Finishing the indoor unit installation
7.4.1. To fix the user interface cover to the indoor unit
1 Make sure that the front panel is removed from the indoor unit.
   See To open the indoor unit.
2 Plug the hinges into the backside of the front panel.
3 Plug the user interface cover into the hinges.
4 Mount the front panel to the indoor unit.

7.4.2. To close the indoor unit
1 Close the switch box cover.
2 Install the front panel as shown below.

NOTE
When closing the indoor unit cover, make sure that the tightening torque does NOT exceed 3 lbf-ft (4.1 Nm).

NOTE
Be careful NOT to pinch the wiring when attaching the front plate to the unit.

8. Commissioning

8.1. Pre-operation checks

NOTE
It is important that all information in this chapter is read sequentially by the installer and that the system is configured as applicable.

WARNING
Switch off the power supply before making any connections.

After the installation of the unit, check the following:

1 Field wiring
   Make sure that the field wiring has been carried out according to the instructions described in the chapter “6.3. Preparing electrical wiring” on page 10, according to the wiring diagrams and according to the relevant local, state, and national regulations.

2 Fuses and protection devices
   Check that the fuses and other locally installed protection devices are meeting the size specified in Serial label (MCA/MOP etc) and Field wiring on page 11.
   Be sure that neither a fuse nor a protection device has been bypassed.

3 Ground wiring
   Make sure that the earth wires have been connected properly and that the earth terminals are tightened.

4 Internal wiring
   Visually check the switch box and the inside of the unit on loose connections or damaged electrical components.

5 Installation
   Check that the unit is properly installed, to avoid abnormal noises and vibrations when starting up the unit.

6 Damaged equipment
   Check the inside of the unit on damaged components or squeezed pipes.

7 Refrigerant leak
   Check the inside of the unit on refrigerant leakage. If there is a refrigerant leak try to repair the leak (recovery, repair, and vacuuming needed). If it is impossible to repair by yourself, call your local dealer.
   Do not touch any refrigerant which has leaked out of refrigerant piping connections.
   This may result in frostbite.

8 Vacuuming/recovery and refrigerant charging
   Refer to the outdoor unit manual for more details.

9 Water leak
   Check the inside of the unit on water leakage. In case there is a water leakage try to repair the leak. If it is impossible to repair by yourself, close the water inlet and water outlet shut-off valves and call your local dealer.

10 Power supply voltage
   Check the power supply voltage on the local supply panel. The voltage must correspond to the voltage on the identification label of the unit.

11 Air purge valve
   Make sure that the air purge valve of the heat pump is open (at least 2 turns).

12 Shut-off valves
   Make sure that the shut-off valves are correctly installed and fully open.
8.2. Final air purging

To get rid of all the air in the system, the pump should be operated. Therefore, change the field setting [E-04] as explained in the chapter “8.3. Field settings” on page 18. More details about setting ”[E-04] Pump only operation (air purge function)” can be found on page 21.

8.3. Field settings

The hydro unit should be configured by the installer to match the installation environment (outdoor climate, installed options, etc.) and user demand. Therefore, a number of so called field settings are available. These field settings are accessible and programmable through the user interface on the indoor unit.

Each field setting is assigned a 3-digit number or code, for example [5-03], which is indicated on the user interface display. The first digit [5] indicates the ‘first code’ or field setting group. The second and third digit [03] together indicate the ‘second code’.

A list of all field settings and default values is given in the “8.4. Field setting list for Installation Manual” on page 22. In this list we provided 2 columns to register the date and value of altered field settings at variance with the default value.

8.3.1. Procedure

To change one or more field settings, proceed as follows.

1. Press the button for a minimum of 5 seconds to enter FIELD SET MODE. The SETTING icon (3) will be displayed. The current selected field setting code is indicated 8-88 (2), with the set value displayed to the right -88.8 (1).
2. Press the button to select the appropriate field setting first code.
3. Press the button to select the appropriate field setting second code.
4. Press the button and button to change the set value of the select field setting.
5. Save the new value by pressing the button.
6. Repeat step 2 through 4 to change other field settings as required.
7. When finished, press the button to exit FIELD SET MODE.

8.3.2. Detailed description

For a summary of all field settings refer to “8.4. Field setting list for Installation Manual” on page 22.

[0] Remote control setup

- [0-00] User permission level

The user interface can be programmed to make certain buttons and functions unavailable for the user. There are 2 permission levels defined. Both levels (level 2 and level 3) are basically the same, the only difference is that for level 3 no water temperature settings are possible (see table below).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Permission</th>
<th>level 2</th>
<th>level 3</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Operation ON/OFF</td>
<td>Operable</td>
<td>Operable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting the leaving water temperature</td>
<td>Operable</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting the room temperature</td>
<td>Operable</td>
<td>Operable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weather dependent set point operation ON/OFF</td>
<td>Operable</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting the clock</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Programming the schedule timer</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Schedule timer operation ON/OFF</td>
<td>Operable</td>
<td>Operable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Field settings</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>malfunction code display</td>
<td>Operable</td>
<td>Operable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Test operation</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
By default no level is defined so all buttons and functions are operable. The actual permission level is determined by field setting. For permission level 2, set field setting [0-00] to 2, for permission level 3, set field setting [0-00] to 3. Once the field setting is set, the chosen permission level is not yet active. Enabling the selected permission level is done by simultaneously pressing buttons A and C immediately followed by simultaneously pressing buttons B and D (0-01), and keeping all 4 buttons pressed for at least 5 seconds. Note that no indication on the user interface is given. After the procedure the blocked buttons will not be available anymore. Deactivating the selected permission level is done in the same way.

- [0-01] Room temperature compensation value
  If needed, it is possible to adjust some thermistor value of the unit by a correction value. This can be used as countermeasure for thermistor tolerances or capacity shortage.
  The compensated temperature (= measured temperature plus compensation value) is then used for controlling the system and will be displayed in the temperature read-out mode. See also "[9] Automatic temperature compensation" on page 21 for compensation values for leaving water temperature.

- [0-02] Setting not applicable

- [0-03] Status: defines whether the ON/OFF instruction can be used in the schedule timer for space heating.
  Refer to the operation manual for details how to program the schedule timer.
  The schedule timer for space heating can be programmed in 2 different ways: based on the temperature set point (both leaving water temperature and room temperature) and based on the ON/OFF instruction.

**INFORMATION**

By default space heating based on temperature set point (method 1) is enabled, so only temperature shifts are possible (no ON/OFF instruction).

In the following tables both methods on how to interpret the schedule timer are shown.

### Method 1  Space heating based on temperature set point

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Time</th>
<th>Method 1</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5:00</td>
<td>23:00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6:30</td>
<td>23:00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Method 2  Space heating based on ON/OFF instruction

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Time</th>
<th>Method 2</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5:00</td>
<td>23:00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6:30</td>
<td>23:00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(a) For leaving water temperature and/or room temperature

#### Operation example: Schedule timer based on temperature set points.

When setback function (refer to "[2] Automatic setback function" on page 20) is enabled, the setback operation will have priority over the scheduled action in the schedule timer.

![Schedule timer based on temperature set points](image-url)
Operation example: Schedule timer based on ON/OFF instruction.

When setback function (refer to [2] Automatic setback function on page 20) is enabled, the setback operation will have priority over the scheduled action in the schedule timer if ON instruction is active. If OFF instruction is active this will have priority over the setback function. At any time the OFF instruction will have the highest priority.

![Diagram](image_url)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>1</th>
<th>2</th>
<th>3</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Schedule timer</td>
<td>Setback function</td>
<td>When both setback function and schedule timer are enabled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ON/OFF instruction</td>
<td>Time</td>
<td>Temperature set point</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>Leaning water temperature</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **[0-04]** Status: defines whether the ON/OFF instruction can be used in the schedule timer for cooling. Same as for [0-03] but for cooling schedule timer. For cooling, no setback function is available.

- **[1]** Settings are not applicable

- **[2]** Automatic setback function

Setback function provides the possibility to lower the room temperature. The setback function can for instance be activated during the night because the temperature demands during night and day are not the same.

**INFORMATION**

- By default the setback function is enabled.
- The setback function can be combined with the automatic weather dependent set point operation.
- Setback function is an automatic daily scheduled function.

- **[2-00]** Status: defines whether the setback function is turned ON (1) or OFF (0)
- **[2-01]** Start time: time at which setback is started
- **[2-02]** Stop time: time at which setback is stopped

Setback can be configured for both room temperature control and leaving water temperature control.

Refer to [5] Automatic setback operation and thermo OFF operation when using the user interface room thermostat or optional demand PCB.

**INFORMATION**

- By default the setback function is enabled.
- The setback function can be combined with the automatic weather dependent set point operation.
- Setback function is an automatic daily scheduled function.

- **[2-00]** Status: defines whether the setback function is turned ON (1) or OFF (0)
- **[2-01]** Start time: time at which setback is started
- **[2-02]** Stop time: time at which setback is stopped

Setback can be configured for both room temperature control and leaving water temperature control.

**[3]** Weather dependent set point (Heating)

When weather dependent operation is active, the leaving water temperature is determined automatically depending on the outdoor temperature: colder outdoor temperatures will result in warmer water and vice versa. The unit has a floating set point. Activating this operation will result in a lower power consumption than use with a manually fixed leaving water set point.

During weather dependent operation, the user has the possibility to shift up or down the target water temperature by a maximum of 9°F (5°C). This “Shift value” is the temperature difference between the temperature set point calculated by the controller and the real set point. E.g. a positive shift value means that the real temperature set point will be higher than the calculated set point.

It is advised to use the weather dependent set point because it adjusts the water temperature to the actual needs for space heating. It will prevent the unit from switching too much between thermo ON operation and thermo OFF operation when using the user interface room thermostat or optional demand PCB.

![Diagram](image_url)
Note that the Lo_Ti value should be lower than Hi_Ti, as for colder outdoor temperatures (i.e. Lo_A) warmer water is required.

- [3-03] Set point at high ambient temperature (Hi_Ti): the target outgoing water temperature when the outdoor temperature equals or rises above the high ambient temperature (Hi_A).

Note that the Hi_Ti value should be lower than Lo_Ti, as for warmer outdoor temperatures (i.e. Hi_A) less warm water suffices.

### INFORMATION
If by mistake the value of [3-03] is set higher than the value of [3-02], the value of [3-03] will always be used.

### [4] Settings are not applicable

- [5-00] Setting is not applicable.
- [5-01] Setting is not applicable.
- [5-02] Leaving water setback temperature.
- [5-03] Room setback temperature.
- [5-04] Setting is not applicable.

#### [8] Option setup
- [8-00] User interface temperature control.
  - [8-00]=0 the unit operates in leaving water temperature control. This is the default setting.
  - [8-00]=1 the unit operates in room temperature control. This means that the user interface is used as room thermostat, so the user interface can be placed in the living room to control the room temperature.
- [8-01] Setting is not applicable.
- [8-02] Setting is not applicable.
- [8-03] Setting is not applicable.
- [8-04] Freeze-up prevention.
  The unit has a freeze-up prevention functionality for which 3 levels can be selected:
  - [8-04]=0 prevention level 0 (default: no prevention).
  - [8-04]=1 prevention level 1.
  - [8-04]=2 prevention level 2.
  The freeze-up prevention is only active when the unit is in thermo OFF condition. If prevention level 1 is enabled, the freeze-up prevention will start if the outdoor ambient temperature <39°F (4°C) and if leaving or return water temperature <45°F (7°C). For prevention level 2, the freeze-up prevention will start as soon as the ambient temperature <39°F (4°C). For both cases the pump will operate and if leaving or return water <50°F (10°C) for 5 minutes the unit will start up to prevent too low temperatures.

#### [9] Automatic temperature compensation
If needed, it is possible to adjust some thermistor value of the unit by a correction value. This can be used as countermeasure for thermistor tolerances or capacity shortage.

The compensated temperature (= measured temperature plus compensation value) is then used for controlling the system and will be displayed in the temperature read-out mode.

- [9-00] Leaving water temperature compensation value for heating operation.
- [9-01] Leaving water thermistor auto corrective function.
  When enabled, this function will take into account the outdoor ambient conditions and correct the measured value which will be used for the logic.
  Eg. when the ambient temperature is high during cooling mode, the logic will correct the measured value of the leaving water thermistor to a lower value to take into account influence of high ambient temperatures in the measurement.

- [9-02] Setting is not applicable.
- [9-03] Leaving water temperature compensation value for cooling operation.
- [9-04] Setting is not applicable.

### [A] Option setup
- [A-00] Setting is not applicable.
- [A-01] Setting is not applicable.
- [A-02] Pump target ΔT setting (heating).
  Depending on the systems emitter type, the ΔT over the emitter can be modified within the range 5.4~14.4°F (3~8°C). Default value is 9°F (5°C) for fancoil units or floor heating loops.
- [A-03] Leaving water temperature overshoot/undershoot value.
  This setting makes it possible to set the allowable overshoot (heating)/undershoot (cooling) when operating the unit during leaving water control.
- [A-04] Setting is not applicable.

### [B] Settings are not applicable

#### [C] Leaving water temperature limits
- [C-00] Maximum leaving water set point in heating operation.
- [C-01] Minimum leaving water set point in heating operation.
- [C-02] Maximum leaving water set point in cooling operation.
- [C-03] Minimum leaving water set point in cooling operation.
  If a leaving water temperature of 50°F (10°C) is wanted, this limit needs to be adjusted. Be aware this can have an impact towards the efficiency of your system.
- [C-04] Setting is not applicable.

### [D] Settings are not applicable

#### [E] Service mode
- [E-00] Setting is not applicable.
- [E-01] Setting is not applicable.
- [E-02] Setting is not applicable.
- [E-03] Setting is not applicable.
- [E-04] Pump only operation (air purge function).
  When installing and commissioning the unit it is very important to get all air out of the water circuit. Through this field setting the pump can be operated without actual operation of the unit. By doing so this will enhance the air removal from the unit.
  - [E-04]=0 normal operation of the unit (default)
  - [E-04]=1 low pump speed operation
  - [E-04]=2 high pump speed operation
  If you select [E-04]=1 or 2, the unit will activate the air purging function. This function is a helpful feature to get all air removed out of the system (as well in space heating as space cooling).

### [F] Option setup
- [F-00] Pump target ΔT setting (cooling).
  Depending on the systems emitter type, the ΔT over the emitter can be modified within the range 5.4~14.4°F (3~8°C). Default value is 9°F (5°C) for fancoil units or floor heating loops.
- [F-01] Setting is not applicable.
- [F-02] Setting is not applicable.
- [F-03] Setting is not applicable.
- [F-04] Setting is not applicable.
## 8.4. Field setting list for Installation Manual

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>First code</th>
<th>Second code</th>
<th>Setting name</th>
<th>Installer setting at variance with default value</th>
<th>Default value</th>
<th>Range</th>
<th>Step</th>
<th>Unit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
<td>Remote control setup</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>00</td>
<td></td>
<td>User permission level.</td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2~3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>01</td>
<td></td>
<td>Room temperature compensation value.</td>
<td></td>
<td>32 (0)</td>
<td>23<del>41 (–5</del>5)</td>
<td>0.9 (0.5)</td>
<td>°F (°C)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>02</td>
<td></td>
<td>Not applicable. Do not change the default value.</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>03</td>
<td></td>
<td>Status: space heating schedule timer mode Method 1=1 / Method 2=0.</td>
<td>1 (ON)</td>
<td>0/1</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>04</td>
<td></td>
<td>Status: space cooling schedule timer mode Method 1=1 / Method 2=0.</td>
<td>1 (ON)</td>
<td>0/1</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>Settings are not applicable</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>00</td>
<td></td>
<td>Not applicable. Do not change the default value.</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>01</td>
<td></td>
<td>Not applicable. Do not change the default value.</td>
<td></td>
<td>1.00</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>02</td>
<td></td>
<td>Not applicable. Do not change the default value.</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>03</td>
<td></td>
<td>Not applicable. Do not change the default value.</td>
<td></td>
<td>15.00</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
<td>Automatic setback function</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>00</td>
<td></td>
<td>Status: setback operation.</td>
<td></td>
<td>1 (ON)</td>
<td>0/1</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>01</td>
<td></td>
<td>Setback operation start time.</td>
<td></td>
<td>23:00</td>
<td>0:00~23:00</td>
<td>1:00 hour</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>02</td>
<td></td>
<td>Setback operation stop time.</td>
<td></td>
<td>5:00</td>
<td>0:00~23:00</td>
<td>1:00 hour</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td>Weather dependent set point</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>00</td>
<td></td>
<td>Low ambient temperature (Lo_A).</td>
<td></td>
<td>14 (~10)</td>
<td>–41 (~30)–5</td>
<td>1.8 (1)</td>
<td>°F (°C)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>01</td>
<td></td>
<td>High ambient temperature (Hi_A).</td>
<td></td>
<td>59 (15)</td>
<td>30<del>68 (10</del>20)</td>
<td>1.8 (1)</td>
<td>°F (°C)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>02</td>
<td></td>
<td>Set point at low ambient temperature (Lo_Ti).</td>
<td></td>
<td>164 (40)</td>
<td>77<del>176 (25</del>60)</td>
<td>1.8 (1)</td>
<td>°F (°C)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>03</td>
<td></td>
<td>Set point at high ambient temperature (Hi_Ti).</td>
<td></td>
<td>77 (25)</td>
<td>77<del>176 (25</del>60)</td>
<td>1.8 (1)</td>
<td>°F (°C)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td>Settings are not applicable</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td></td>
<td>Automatic setback and disinfection set point</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>00</td>
<td></td>
<td>Not applicable. Do not change the default value.</td>
<td></td>
<td>70</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>01</td>
<td></td>
<td>Not applicable. Do not change the default value.</td>
<td></td>
<td>10</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>02</td>
<td></td>
<td>Leaving water setback temperature.</td>
<td></td>
<td>41 (5)</td>
<td>32<del>50 (0</del>10)</td>
<td>1.8 (1)</td>
<td>°F (°C)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>03</td>
<td></td>
<td>Room setback temperature.</td>
<td></td>
<td>64 (18)</td>
<td>63<del>73 (17</del>23)</td>
<td>1.8 (1)</td>
<td>°F (°C)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>04</td>
<td></td>
<td>Not applicable. Do not change the default value.</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td></td>
<td>Option setup</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>01</td>
<td></td>
<td>External room thermostat installed.</td>
<td></td>
<td>0 (OFF)</td>
<td>0/2</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>02</td>
<td></td>
<td>Not applicable. Do not change the default value.</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td></td>
<td>Option setup</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>00</td>
<td></td>
<td>User interface temperature control.</td>
<td></td>
<td>0 (OFF)</td>
<td>0/1</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>01</td>
<td></td>
<td>Not applicable. Do not change the default value.</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>02</td>
<td></td>
<td>Emergency operation.</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0/1</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>03</td>
<td></td>
<td>Not applicable. Do not change the default value.</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>04</td>
<td></td>
<td>Status: freeze-up prevention.</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0~2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td></td>
<td>Automatic temperature compensation</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>00</td>
<td></td>
<td>Leaving water temperature compensation value heating.</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0~18 (~3.6)–16 (~2.5)</td>
<td>0.36 (0.2)</td>
<td>°F (°C)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>01</td>
<td></td>
<td>Leaving water thermometer auto corrective function.</td>
<td></td>
<td>1 (ON)</td>
<td>0/1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>02</td>
<td></td>
<td>Not applicable. Do not change the default value.</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>03</td>
<td></td>
<td>Leaving water temperature compensation value cooling.</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0~18 (~3.6)–16 (~2.5)</td>
<td>0.36 (0.2)</td>
<td>°F (°C)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>04</td>
<td></td>
<td>Not applicable. Do not change the default value.</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**TEMPERATURE CONVERSION TABLE**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>°C</th>
<th>°F</th>
<th>°C</th>
<th>°F</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>41</td>
<td>33</td>
<td>91.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>42.8</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>93.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>44.6</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>95</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>46.4</td>
<td>36</td>
<td>96.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>48.2</td>
<td>37</td>
<td>98.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>100.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>51.8</td>
<td>39</td>
<td>102.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>53.6</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>104</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>55.4</td>
<td>41</td>
<td>105.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>57.2</td>
<td>42</td>
<td>107.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>59</td>
<td>43</td>
<td>109.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>60.8</td>
<td>44</td>
<td>111.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>62.6</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>113</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>64.4</td>
<td>46</td>
<td>114</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: The user interface can display temperatures in Celsius only.

---

### Option setup

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setting name</th>
<th>Installer setting at variance with default value</th>
<th>Default value</th>
<th>Range</th>
<th>Step</th>
<th>Unit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>00 Not applicable. Do not change the default value.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>01 Not applicable. Do not change the default value.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>02 Pump target ΔT (heating).</td>
<td>9 (5)</td>
<td>5.4–14.4 (3–8)</td>
<td>1.8 (1)</td>
<td>°F (°C)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>03 Allowable overshoot on leaving water.</td>
<td>5.4 (3)</td>
<td>1.8–9 (1–5)</td>
<td>0.9 (0.5)</td>
<td>°F (°C)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>04 Not applicable. Do not change the default value.</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

### Settings are not applicable

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setting name</th>
<th>Installer setting at variance with default value</th>
<th>Default value</th>
<th>Range</th>
<th>Step</th>
<th>Unit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>00 Not applicable. Do not change the default value.</td>
<td>35</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>01 Not applicable. Do not change the default value.</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
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<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>03 Not applicable. Do not change the default value.</td>
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<tr>
<td>04 Not applicable. Do not change the default value.</td>
<td>70</td>
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</table>

### Leaving water temperature limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setting name</th>
<th>Installer setting at variance with default value</th>
<th>Default value</th>
<th>Range</th>
<th>Step</th>
<th>Unit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>00 Set point: heating leaving water maximum temperature.</td>
<td>113 (45)</td>
<td>99–113 (37–45)</td>
<td>1.8 (1)</td>
<td>°F (°C)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>01 Set point: heating leaving water minimum temperature.</td>
<td>77 (25)</td>
<td>77–95 (25–37)</td>
<td>1.8 (1)</td>
<td>°F (°C)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>02 Set point: cooling leaving water maximum temperature.</td>
<td>68 (20)</td>
<td>64–72 (18–22)</td>
<td>1.8 (1)</td>
<td>°F (°C)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>03 Set point: cooling leaving water minimum temperature.</td>
<td>50 (10)</td>
<td>41–64 (5–18)</td>
<td>1.8 (1)</td>
<td>°F (°C)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>04 Not applicable. Do not change the default value.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Settings are not applicable

### Service mode

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setting name</th>
<th>Installer setting at variance with default value</th>
<th>Default value</th>
<th>Range</th>
<th>Step</th>
<th>Unit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>00 Not applicable. Do not change the default value.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>01 Not applicable. Do not change the default value.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>02 Not applicable. Do not change the default value.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>03 Not applicable. Do not change the default value.</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>04 Pump only operation.</td>
<td></td>
<td>0–25</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Settings are not applicable

### Pump target ΔT (cooling).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setting name</th>
<th>Installer setting at variance with default value</th>
<th>Default value</th>
<th>Range</th>
<th>Step</th>
<th>Unit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>00 Not applicable. Do not change the default value.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>01 Not applicable. Do not change the default value.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>02 Not applicable. Do not change the default value.</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>03 Not applicable. Do not change the default value.</td>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>04 Not applicable. Do not change the default value.</td>
<td>50</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
8.5. Final check and test run

8.5.1. Final check

Before you can check test operation of each indoor unit separately, you must perform the following:

- When the complete installation and all necessary settings have been carried out, be sure that all panels of the unit are closed. If this is not the case, inserting your hand through the remaining openings can cause serious injury due to electrical and hot parts inside the unit.
- The service panel of the switch box may only be opened by a licensed electrician for maintenance purposes.

In order to purge most of the air out of the system perform a pump operation as described below:

1. Change field setting [E-04]
   - The default value is 0.
   - When changing the setting to 1, the pump will operate at low speed (pump only, the unit will not operate).
   - When changing the field setting to 2, the pump will operate at high speed.
2. When air purging is finished, change the field setting back to 0. It is the responsibility of the installer to make sure that the air is purged out of the unit and system.

**NOTE**

When using thermostatic radiator valves, make sure to review the technical specifications. This is not an abnormal event.

8.5.2. System test run

Before you can check the system test operation of each indoor unit separately, you have to do the system test run. System test run is explained in the installation manual of the outdoor unit. This is an automatic test run which can take some time.

When the system test run is finished, it is possible to do an individual test run as described in "8.5.3. Indoor unit individual test run" on page 24. During this test run, the installer should check indicated items.

8.5.3. Indoor unit individual test run

**INFORMATION**

When the indoor units and outdoor unit are powered on for the first time, an initialisation takes place. This will take maximum 12 minutes.

When using the user interface during the initialisation, an malfunction code (€) can be displayed.

**INFORMATION**

During the start up of the unit (the first 50 hours of compressor running), it might happen that the noise level of the unit is higher than mentioned in the technical specifications. This is not an abnormal event.

Start up of the unit in space heating mode is only possible when the outdoor ambient temperature is lower than 68°F (20°C).

**Temperature read-out mode**

On the user interface, the actual temperatures can be displayed.

1. Push and hold the \( \text{\text{ز}} \) button for 5 seconds.
   - The leaving water temperature is displayed (icons \( \text{ز} \) and \( \text{ز} \) and \( \text{ز} \) are blinking).
2. Use the \( \text{\text{ز}} \) and \( \text{\text{ز}} \) buttons to display:
   - The entering water temperature (icons \( \text{ز} \) and \( \text{ز} \) are blinking and the \( \text{ز} \) icon is flashing slowly).
   - The indoor temperature (icons \( \text{ز} \) and \( \text{ز} \) are blinking).
   - The outdoor temperature (icons \( \text{ز} \) and \( \text{ز} \) are blinking).
3. Push the \( \text{\text{ز}} \) button again to leave this mode. If no button is pressed, the user interface leaves the display mode after 10 seconds.

**Procedure for space heating/cooling**

**INFORMATION**

The operation mode can not be selected on the hydrobox. The hydrobox follows the operation mode of the master VRV DX Indoor Unit. Refer to outdoor unit manual for further information.

Make sure to set the VRV DX indoor unit as the changeover master.

1. Check the leaving water and entering water temperature through the user interface read-out mode and write down the displayed values. See "Temperature read-out mode" on page 24.
2. Push the \( \text{ز} \) button 4 times so the \( \text{ز} \) icon will be displayed.
3. Perform the test as follows (when no action is performed, the user interface will return to normal mode after 10 seconds or by pressing the \( \text{ز} \) button once):
   - To test the space heating/cooling operation push the \( \text{ز} \) button to start the test run operation.
4. The test run operation will end automatically after 30 minutes or when reaching the set temperature. The test run operation can be stopped manually by pressing the \( \text{ز} \) button once. If there are malfunctions, an malfunction code will be displayed on the user interface. Otherwise, the user interface will return to normal operation.
5. To resolve the malfunction codes, see "8.6.2. Malfunction codes list" on page 25.
6. Check the leaving water and entering water temperature through the user interface read-out mode and compare them with the values noted with step 1. After 20 minutes of operation an increase/decrease of the values should confirm the space heating/cooling operation.

**INFORMATION**

To display the last resolved malfunction code, push the \( \text{ز} \) button 1 time. Push the \( \text{ز} \) button again 4 times to return to normal mode.

**INFORMATION**

It is not possible to perform a test run if a forced operation from the outdoor unit is in progress. Should forced operation be started during a test run, the test run will be aborted.
8.6. Service and maintenance

In order to ensure optimal operation of the unit, a number of checks and inspections on the unit and the field wiring have to be carried out at regular intervals.

This maintenance should be carried out by your local installer.

To execute maintenance first remove the panels as shown in "7.4.2. To close the indoor unit" on page 17.

8.6.1. Maintenance activities

**WARNING: ELECTRIC SHOCK**

See "7.3.1. Precautions on electrical wiring work" on page 14.

**DANGER: ELECTRICAL SHOCK**

Before carrying out any maintenance or repair activity, always switch off the circuit breaker on the supply panel, remove the fuses or open the protection devices of the unit.

Do not touch live parts for 10 minutes after the power supply is turned off because of high voltage risk.

Please note that some sections of the electric component box are hot.

Always switch off the circuit breaker on the supply.

Do not rinse the unit. This may cause electric shocks or fire.

---

### Checks

The described checks must be executed at least once a year by qualified personnel.

1. **Pressure relief valve hose (if present)**
   - Check that the pressure relief valve hose is positioned appropriately to drain the water.
2. **Water pressure relief valve**
   - Check for correct operation of the pressure relief valve by turning the red knob on the valve counter-clockwise:
     - If you do not hear a clacking sound, contact your local dealer.
     - If the water keeps running out of the unit, close both the water inlet and outlet shut-off valves first and then contact your local dealer.
3. **Switch box**
   - Carry out a thorough visual inspection of the switch box and look for obvious defects such as loose connections or defective wiring.
4. **Water pressure**
   - Check if the water pressure is above 14.5 psi (1 bar).
   - If necessary add water.
5. **Water filter**
   - Clean the water filter.

---

### Malfunction codes list

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Malfunction code</th>
<th>Failure cause</th>
<th>Corrective action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>R1</td>
<td>Failure of writing memory (EEPROM malfunction)</td>
<td>Contact your local dealer.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| R6               | Malfunction water circuit | • Make sure flow is possible (open all valves in the circuit).
|                  |               | • Force clean water through the unit.
|                  |               | • Malfunction of pump.
|                  |               | • Malfunction of flowswitch. |
| R9               | R410A expansion valve malfunction. | • Check wiring connections.
|                  |               | • Contact your local dealer. |
| RJ               | Capacity malfunction. | Contact your local dealer. |
| L1               | Bad ACS communication. | Contact your local dealer. |
| CH               | R410A liquid thermistor malfunction. | • Check wiring connections.
|                  |               | • Contact your local dealer. |
| CS               | Returning water thermistor malfunction. | • Check wiring connections.
|                  |               | • Contact your local dealer. |
| CR               | Heating/cooling water thermistor malfunction. | • Check wiring connections.
|                  |               | • Contact your local dealer. |
| CJ               | User interface thermostat malfunction. | Contact your local dealer. |
| E3               | High pressure malfunction. This malfunction is outdoor unit related. Refer to outdoor unit manual. | • Make sure the circuit is filled with water (no air inside, e.g. is the air purge open?).
|                  |               | • Make sure water flow is possible (open all valves in the circuit).
|                  |               | • Make sure the water filter is not blocked.
|                  |               | • Make sure all refrigerant stop valves are open.
|                  |               | • Contact your local dealer. |
| U1               | Low pressure malfunction. This malfunction is outdoor unit related. Refer to outdoor unit manual. | Contact your local dealer. |
| U4               | R410A gas thermistor malfunction. | • Check wiring connections.
|                  |               | • Contact your local dealer. |
| U5               | The phases of the power to the unit is reversed. This malfunction is outdoor unit related. Refer to outdoor unit manual. | Exchange two of the three phases (L1, L2, L3) to make a positive phase connection. |
| U2               | Power supply malfunction. This malfunction is outdoor unit related. Refer to outdoor unit manual. | • Check wiring connections.
|                  |               | • Contact your local dealer. |
| U8               | Type connection problem. | Wait till installation between outdoor module and hydro module finished (after power ON, wait at least 12 minutes). Contact your local dealer. |
| U3               | Address malfunction. | Contact your local dealer. |

---

A more detailed malfunction code list can be found in the installation manual of the outdoor unit.

8.6.3. Important information regarding the refrigerant used

This product contains fluorinated greenhouse gases. Do not vent gases into the atmosphere.

Refrigerant type: R410A

GWP$^{(1)}$ value: 2087,5

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(1) GWP = global warming potential
9. Hand-over to the user

Once the test run is finished and the unit operates properly, please make sure the following is clear for the user:

- Fill in the installer setting table (see chapter 10) with the actual settings.
- Make sure that the user has the printed documentation and ask him/her to keep it for future reference.
- Explain the user how to properly operate the system and what he/she has to do in case of problems.
- Show the user what jobs he/she has to do in relation to maintenance of the unit.
- Explain the user about energy saving tips as described in the operation manual.

To be filled in by the installer once the test run is finished and the unit operates properly

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Task</th>
<th>checked</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Explain to the user what system is installed on site. Complete the fill-in below for each unit. The information may be useful for the user in future servicing.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Place of installation:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Model name (see nameplate of the unit)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Optional equipment</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ensure that the user has a printed version of the installation and operation manual and ask him/her to keep it for future reference.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show the user what jobs he/she has to do in relation to maintenance of the unit.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Signature:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Your product was installed by:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

10. Operation of the unit

Please read chapter 1 and 2 first before consulting this chapter.

**WARNING**
Before operating the unit, be sure the installation has been carried out correctly by an installer.

If you feel unsure about the operation, contact your installer for advice and information.

10.1. Introduction

10.1.1. General information

The unit is the indoor part of the air to water/air VRV heat pump. The unit is designed for wall mounted indoor installation and used for heating/cooling applications. The unit can be combined with (field supply) floor heating/cooling loops or fan coil units.

A user interface with room thermostat functionality is standard supplied with this unit to control your installation.

Refer to chapter "4. About the unit and options" on page 5.

10.2. Quick start-up of the unit

In this chapter the step-by-step procedure is explained for starting up space cooling/heating.

The more detailed information of how the unit must be operated is explained in the chapter "10.3. Operating the unit" on page 27.

The quick start-up offers the user the possibility to start up the system before reading the entire manual.

10.2.1. Space cooling/heating operation

Confirm the operation mode heating or cooling

Push the H. or C. button

Display: 88.8 starts blinking

Set desired room temperature (e.g. 72°F (22°C))

The user interface room thermostat function is not active

You have “room temperature based” control of your system (user interface room thermostat is installed)

You have “leaving water temperature based” control of your system (default)

Set desired leaving water temperature (e.g. 95°F (35°C) for heating or 64°F (18°C) cooling).

If the display is blank, automatic leaving water temperature is enabled in heating operation.

Push the button

The O’LED will light up and the unit will start.

For further details and advised settings, see “Programming” on page 33, “10.3.4. Space cooling operation” on page 29 and “10.3.5. Space heating operation” on page 29

(a) The operation mode can not be selected on the hydrobox. The hydrobox follows the operation mode of the master VRV DX Indoor Unit. Refer to outdoor unit manual for further information.
10.3. Operating the unit

**CAUTION**
- Do not rinse the unit. This may cause electric shock or fire.
- Do not climb, sit or stand on top of the unit.
- Do not place any objects or equipment on the unit top plate.

10.3.1. Operating the user interface

The user interface offers full control over your installation. It can control all heating/cooling applications which vary in capacity, electrical supply and installed equipment (options). Operating the HXY48 unit comes down to operating the user interface.

**INFORMATION**
It is advised to use the user interface, which includes room thermostat function, delivered with the unit.
This will prevent excessive space heating/cooling and will stop the outdoor and indoor unit when the room temperature is above the thermostat set point. Based on the request from the user there is an immediate feedback to the compressor control which optimizes the performance.
Refer to the typical application examples in the indoor installation manual for more details.

**WARNING**
- Never let the user interface get wet. This may cause an electric shock or fire.
- Never press the buttons of the user interface with a hard, pointed object. This may damage the user interface.
- Never inspect or service the user interface yourself, ask a qualified service person to do this.
- Do not rinse the indoor unit. This may cause electric shock or fire.
- Do not climb, sit or stand on top of the unit.
- Do not place any objects or equipment on the unit top plate.

10.3.2. Name and function of buttons and icons

- **ON/OFF BUTTON**: The ON/OFF button starts or stops the space cooling/heating. Pressing the ON/OFF button consecutively too many times may cause malfunction of the system (maximum 20 times per hour).
- **OPERATION LED**: The operation LED is lit during space heating/cooling operation. The LED blinks if a malfunction occurs. When the LED is OFF, space heating/cooling is inactive while the other operation modes can still be active.
- **OPERATION MODE ICONS**: These icons indicate the current operation mode(s): heating (h) or cooling (c).
- **EXTERNAL CONTROL ICON**: This icon indicates that the unit is working in a forced operation. As long as this icon is displayed, the user interface cannot be operated or has limited functionality.
- **DAY OF THE WEEK INDICATOR**: This indicator shows the current day of the week. When reading or programming the schedule timer, the indicator shows the set day.
- **CLOCK DISPLAY**: The clock display shows the current time. When reading or programming the schedule timer, the clock display shows the action time.
- **SCHEDULE TIMER ICON**: This icon indicates that the schedule timer is enabled.
- **ACTION ICONS**: These icons indicate the programming actions for each day of the schedule timer.
- **OFF ICON**: This icon indicates that the OFF action is selected when programming the schedule timer.
- **INSPECTION REQUIRED**: These icons indicate that inspection is required on the installation. Consult your dealer.
- **TEMPERATURE DISPLAY**: The display shows the current temperature of the installation either leaving water temperature or actual room temperature. When changing the room temperature set point, the set point will be flashing for 5 seconds and then return to the actual room temperature.
- **SETTING SETTING**: This icon is displayed whenever the field setting mode is entered.
- **NOT AVAILABLE NOT AVAILABLE**: This icon is displayed whenever a non-installed option is addressed or a function is not available. A function not available can mean insufficient permission level or can mean that a slave user interface is used (see installation manual).
28  TIME ADJUST BUTTONS $\text{[A]}$ and $\text{[C]}$

These multi-purpose buttons are used to adjust the clock, to toggle between temperatures (water inlet/outlet temperature of the unit, outdoor ambient temperature, actual room temperature) and in schedule timer programming mode.

29  LEAVING WATER TEMPERATURE ADJUST BUTTONS $\text{[F]}$ and $\text{[G]}$

These buttons are used to adjust the leaving water temperature set point in normal operation mode or in schedule timer programming mode.

If the controller is set to permission level 3 (refer to "Field settings" in the installation manual), the leaving water temperature adjust button will not be operable.

In case the weather dependent set point operation is selected, the unit has a floating set point. In this case, the $\text{[F]}$ icon as well as the shift value (in case not zero) will display.

30  ROOM TEMPERATURE ADJUST BUTTONS $\text{[B]}$ and $\text{[J]}$

These multi-purpose buttons are used to adjust the current room temperature set point in normal operation mode or in schedule timer programming mode.

When changing the room temperature set point, the set point value on the display will be flashing. After 5 seconds the display will show to the actual room temperature.

31  BUTTON $\text{[Z]}$

This button has no function.

32  BUTTON $\text{[W]}$

This button has no function.

10.3.3. Setting up the controller

After initial installation, the user can set the clock and day of the week.

The controller is equipped with a schedule timer that enables the user to schedule operations. Setting the clock and day of the week is required to be able to use the schedule timer.

Setting the clock

1  Hold down the $\text{[B]}$ button for 5 seconds.

The clock read-out and the day of week indicator start flashing.

2  Use the $\text{[B]}$ and $\text{[C]}$ buttons to adjust the clock.

Each time the $\text{[B]}$ or $\text{[C]}$ button is pressed, the time will increase/decrease by 1 minute. Keeping the $\text{[B]}$ or $\text{[C]}$ button pressed will increase/decrease the time by 10 minutes.

3  Use the $\text{[E]}$ or $\text{[F]}$ button to adjust the day of the week.

Each time the $\text{[E]}$ or $\text{[F]}$ button is pressed the next or previous day is displayed.

4  Press the $\text{[H]}$ button to confirm the current set time and day of the week.

To leave this procedure without saving, press the $\text{[B]}$ button. If no button is pressed for 5 minutes the clock and day of the week will return to their previous setting.
10.3.4. Space cooling operation (h)

Space cooling operation can be controlled in two different ways:
- based on room temperature,
- based on leaving water temperature (default).

The purpose of each operation and how the configuration is done, is explained below.

Room temperature control
In this mode, cooling will be activated as required by the room temperature set point. The set point can be set manually or through the schedule timer.

INFORMATION
When using room temperature control, space cooling operation based on room temperature will have priority over leaving water control.

Selecting space cooling operation
1. Use the button to switch ON/OFF space cooling (h).
   • Icon h appears on the display as well as the corresponding actual room temperature.
   • The operation LED O lights up.
2. Use the and buttons to set the desired room temperature.
   • Temperature range for cooling: 61~90°F (16~32°C) (room temperature)
   • Refer to "10.3.10. Programming and consulting the schedule timer" on page 33 for setup of the schedule timer function.
3. Use the and buttons to select the leaving water temperature which you want to be used to cool down your system.

Leaving water temperature control (default)
In this mode, cooling will be activated as required by the water temperature set point. The set point can be set manually or through the schedule timer.

Selecting space cooling operation
1. Use the button to switch ON/OFF space cooling (h).
   • Icon h appears on the display as well as the corresponding actual room temperature.
   • The operation LED O lights up.
2. Use the and buttons to set the desired leaving water temperature.
   • Temperature range for cooling: 50~68°F (10~20°C) (leaving water temperature).
   • Refer to "10.3.10. Programming and consulting the schedule timer" on page 33 for setup of the schedule timer function.
3. Use the and buttons to select the leaving water temperature which you want to be used to cool down your system.

Leaving water temperature control (default)
In this mode, cooling will be activated as required by the water temperature set point. The set point can be set manually or through the schedule timer.

Selecting space cooling operation
1. Use the button to switch ON/OFF space cooling (h).
   • Icon h appears on the display as well as the corresponding actual room temperature.
   • The operation LED O lights up.
2. Use the and buttons to set the desired leaving water temperature.
   • Temperature range for cooling: 61~90°F (16~32°C) (leaving water temperature).
   • Refer to "10.3.10. Programming and consulting the schedule timer" on page 33 for setup of the schedule timer function.
3. Use the and buttons to select the leaving water temperature which you want to be used to cool down your system.

INFORMATION
When using leaving water temperature control, space cooling operation based on leaving water temperature will have priority over room temperature control.

Selecting space heating operation
1. Use the button to switch ON/OFF space heating (h).
   • Icon h appears on the display as well as the corresponding actual room temperature set point.
   • The operation LED O lights up.
2. Use the and buttons to set the desired room temperature.
   • Temperature range for heating: 61~90°F (16~32°C) (room temperature)
   • In order to avoid overheating, space heating is not operable when the outdoor ambient temperature rises above a certain temperature (see operation range).
   • Refer to "10.3.10. Programming and consulting the schedule timer" on page 33 for setup of the schedule timer function.
3. Use the and buttons to select the leaving water temperature which you want to be used to heat up your system.

Automatic setback function
Setback function provides the possibility to lower the room temperature. The setback function can for instance be activated during the night because the temperature demands during night and day are not the same.

INFORMATION
- Remark that the icon will be flashing during setback operation.
- By default the setback function is enabled.
- The setback function can be combined with the automatic weather dependent set point operation.
- Setback function is an automatic daily scheduled function.

The setback function is configured through field settings. Refer to the chapter "8.3. Field settings" on page 18 for a detailed description how to set one or more field settings.

- [2-00] Status: defines whether the setback function is turned ON (1) or OFF (0)
- [2-01] Start time: time at which setback is started
- [2-02] Stop time: time at which setback is stopped
- [5-03] Room setback temperature

INFORMATION
- Temperature range for heating: 61~90°F (16~32°C) (room temperature)
- In order to avoid overheating, space heating is not operable when the outdoor ambient temperature rises above a certain temperature (see operation range).
- Refer to "10.3.10. Programming and consulting the schedule timer" on page 33 for setup of the schedule timer function.
3. Use the and buttons to select the leaving water temperature which you want to be used to cool down your system.

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- [2-00] Status: defines whether the setback function is turned ON (1) or OFF (0)
- [2-01] Start time: time at which setback is started
- [2-02] Stop time: time at which setback is stopped
- [5-03] Room setback temperature

INFORMATION
- Temperature range for heating: 61~90°F (16~32°C) (room temperature)
- In order to avoid overheating, space heating is not operable when the outdoor ambient temperature rises above a certain temperature (see operation range).
- Refer to "10.3.10. Programming and consulting the schedule timer" on page 33 for setup of the schedule timer function.
3. Use the and buttons to select the leaving water temperature which you want to be used to cool down your system.
Use the 230 Installation and operation manual

In this mode, heating will be activated as required by the water temperature set point (default). The set point can be set manually, through the schedule timer or weather dependent (automatic). When weather dependent operation is active, the leaving water temperature set point operation will result in a lower power consumption than use with a room thermostat or third party room thermostat (requires demand PCB kit).

Selecting temperature set point operation

1. Use the button to switch ON/OFF space heating (●). Icon ● appears on the display as well as the corresponding water temperature set point.

The operation LED O lights up.

2. Use the △ and □ buttons to set the desired leaving water temperature.

Temperature range for heating: 77~113°F (25~45°C) (leaving water temperature)

In order to avoid overheating, space heating is not operable when the outdoor ambient temperature rises above a certain temperature (see operation range). Refer to “User interface schedule timer” for setup of the schedule timer function.

NOTE

- When an optional demand PCB is installed, the thermo ON/OFF is determined by the optional demand PCB. The user interface is then operated in the leaving control mode and is not functioning as a room thermostat.

- The user interface ON/OFF status always has priority over the optional demand PCB!

Selecting weather dependent set point operation

When weather dependent operation is active, the leaving water temperature is determined automatically depending on the outdoor temperature: colder outdoor temperatures will result in warmer water and vice versa. The unit has a floating set point. Activating this operation will result in a lower power consumption than use with a manually fixed leaving water set point.

During weather dependent operation, the user has the possibility to shift up or down the target water temperature by a maximum of 9°F (5°C). This shift value is the temperature difference between the temperature set point calculated by the controller and the real set point. E.g. a positive shift value means that the real temperature set point will be higher than the calculated set point.

It is advised to use the weather dependent set point because it adjusts the water temperature to the actual needs for space heating. It will prevent the unit from switching too much between thermo ON operation and thermo OFF operation when using the user interface room thermostat or third party room thermostat (requires demand PCB kit). During this operation, instead of showing the water temperature set point, the controller shows the shift value which can be set by the user.

1. Press the button 1 time to select weather dependent set point operation (or 2 times when the user interface room thermostat function is used). Icon ● appears on the display as well as the shift value. The shift value is not shown in case it is 0.

2. Use the △ and □ buttons to set the shift value.

Range for the shift value: -9°F to +9°F (-5°C to +5°C)

In this mode, heating will be activated as required by the water temperature set point. The set point can be set manually, through the schedule timer or weather dependent (automatic).

Selecting space heating operation

1. Use the button to switch ON/OFF space heating (●). Icon ● appears on the display as well as the corresponding water temperature set point.

The operation LED O lights up.

2. Use the △ and □ buttons to set the desired leaving water temperature.

Temperature range for heating: 77~113°F (25~45°C) (leaving water temperature)

In order to avoid overheating, space heating is not operable when the outdoor ambient temperature rises above a certain temperature (see operation range). Refer to “User interface schedule timer” for setup of the schedule timer function.

NOTE

- When an optional demand PCB is installed, the thermo ON/OFF is determined by the optional demand PCB. The user interface is then operated in the leaving control mode and is not functioning as a room thermostat.

- The user interface ON/OFF status always has priority over the optional demand PCB!

Selecting weather dependent set point operation

When weather dependent operation is active, the leaving water temperature is determined automatically depending on the outdoor temperature: colder outdoor temperatures will result in warmer water and vice versa. The unit has a floating set point. Activating this operation will result in a lower power consumption than use with a manually fixed leaving water set point.

During weather dependent operation, the user has the possibility to shift up or down the target water temperature by a maximum of 9°F (5°C). This shift value is the temperature difference between the temperature set point calculated by the controller and the real set point. E.g. a positive shift value means that the real temperature set point will be higher than the calculated set point.

It is advised to use the weather dependent set point because it adjusts the water temperature to the actual needs for space heating. It will prevent the unit from switching too much between thermo ON operation and thermo OFF operation when using the user interface room thermostat or third party room thermostat (requires demand PCB kit). During this operation, instead of showing the water temperature set point, the controller shows the shift value which can be set by the user.

1. Press the button 1 time to select weather dependent set point operation (or 2 times when the user interface room thermostat function is used). Icon ● appears on the display as well as the shift value. The shift value is not shown in case it is 0.

2. Use the △ and □ buttons to set the shift value.

Range for the shift value: -9°F to +9°F (-5°C to +5°C)

Leaving water temperature control

In this mode, heating will be activated as required by the water temperature set point. The set point can be set manually, through the schedule timer or weather dependent (automatic).

Selecting space heating operation

1. Use the button to switch ON/OFF space heating (●). Icon ● appears on the display as well as the corresponding water temperature set point.

The operation LED O lights up.

2. Use the △ and □ buttons to set the desired leaving water temperature.

Temperature range for heating: 77~113°F (25~45°C) (leaving water temperature)

In order to avoid overheating, space heating is not operable when the outdoor ambient temperature rises above a certain temperature (see operation range). Refer to “User interface schedule timer” for setup of the schedule timer function.

NOTE

- When an optional demand PCB is installed, the thermo ON/OFF is determined by the optional demand PCB. The user interface is then operated in the leaving control mode and is not functioning as a room thermostat.

- The user interface ON/OFF status always has priority over the optional demand PCB!
10.3.6. Other operation modes

Start up operation (I)

During start up, the icon displays, indicating that the heat pump is starting up and is not working in a steady state condition.

Defrost operation (I)

In space heating operation, freezing of the outdoor heat exchanger may occur due to low outdoor temperature. If this risk occurs, the system goes into defrost operation. After a maximum of 15 minutes of defrost operation, the system returns to space heating operation. During defrost operation, space heating operation is not possible.

10.3.7. Temperature read-out mode

On the user interface, the actual temperatures can be displayed.

1. Push and hold the button for 5 seconds.
   - The leaving water temperature is displayed (icons and are blinking).
2. Use the and buttons to display:
   - The entering water temperature (icons and are blinking).
   - The indoor temperature (icons and are blinking).
   - The outdoor temperature (icons and are blinking).
3. Push the button again to leave this mode. If no button is pressed, the user interface leaves the display mode after 10 seconds.

10.3.8. Schedule timer operation

In schedule timer operation, the installation is controlled by the schedule timer. The actions programmed in the schedule timer will be executed automatically.

The schedule timer is enabled (icon displayed) or disabled (icon not displayed) by pressing the button.

Space cooling

Refer to "Programming space cooling" on page 33.

4 actions can be programmed, these actions are repeated daily.

The space cooling schedule timer can be programmed in 2 different ways:

- Based on the temperature set point (leaving water temperature and room temperature).
- Based on the ON/OFF instruction.

The desired method is set through field setting. Refer to "8.3. Field settings" on page 18 for a detailed description how to set one or more field settings.

- [0-04] Status: defines whether ON/OFF instruction can be used in the schedule timer for space cooling.

The implementation and meaning of setting [0-04] and schedule settings are the same as for heating operation. See "Operation example: Schedule timer based on temperature set points" on page 32 and "Operation example: Schedule timer based on ON/OFF instruction" on page 32.

For cooling, no setback function is available.

INFORMATION

By default space cooling based on temperature set point (method 1) is enabled, so only temperature shifts are possible (no ON/OFF instruction).

10.3.9. Space heating

Refer to "Programming space heating" on page 34.

Four actions per day of the week can be programmed, totalling 28 actions.

The space heating schedule timer can be programmed in 2 different ways: based on the temperature set point (both leaving water temperature and room temperature) and based on the ON/OFF instruction.

The desired method is set through field setting. Refer to the chapter "8.3. Field settings" on page 18 for a detailed description how to set one or more field settings.

- [0-03] Status: defines whether ON/OFF instruction can be used in the schedule timer for space heating.

INFORMATION

By default space heating based on temperature set point (method 1) is enabled, so only temperature shifts are possible (no ON/OFF instruction).

In the following tables, both methods on how to interpret the schedule timer are shown.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Status: defines whether ON/OFF instruction can be used in the schedule timer for space heating.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Method 1</td>
<td>Space heating based on temperature set point (method 1) is enabled, so only temperature shifts are possible (no ON/OFF instruction).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Status: defines whether ON/OFF instruction can be used in the schedule timer for space heating.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Method 2</td>
<td>Space heating based on temperature set point (method 2) can be programmed, these actions are repeated daily.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In schedule timer operation, the installation is controlled by the schedule timer. The actions programmed in the schedule timer will be executed automatically.

The schedule timer is enabled (icon displayed) or disabled (icon not displayed) by pressing the button.

Space cooling

Refer to "Programming space cooling" on page 33.

4 actions can be programmed, these actions are repeated daily.

The space cooling schedule timer can be programmed in 2 different ways:

- Based on the temperature set point (leaving water temperature and room temperature).
- Based on the ON/OFF instruction.

The desired method is set through field setting. Refer to "8.3. Field settings" on page 18 for a detailed description how to set one or more field settings.

- [0-04] Status: defines whether ON/OFF instruction can be used in the schedule timer for space cooling.

The implementation and meaning of setting [0-04] and schedule settings are the same as for heating operation. See "Operation example: Schedule timer based on temperature set points" on page 32 and "Operation example: Schedule timer based on ON/OFF instruction" on page 32.

For cooling, no setback function is available.

INFORMATION

By default space cooling based on temperature set point (method 1) is enabled, so only temperature shifts are possible (no ON/OFF instruction).

10.3.8. Schedule timer operation

In schedule timer operation, the installation is controlled by the schedule timer. The actions programmed in the schedule timer will be executed automatically.

The schedule timer is enabled (icon displayed) or disabled (icon not displayed) by pressing the button.

Space cooling

Refer to "Programming space cooling" on page 33.

4 actions can be programmed, these actions are repeated daily.

The space cooling schedule timer can be programmed in 2 different ways:

- Based on the temperature set point (leaving water temperature and room temperature).
- Based on the ON/OFF instruction.

The desired method is set through field setting. Refer to "8.3. Field settings" on page 18 for a detailed description how to set one or more field settings.

- [0-04] Status: defines whether ON/OFF instruction can be used in the schedule timer for space cooling.

The implementation and meaning of setting [0-04] and schedule settings are the same as for heating operation. See "Operation example: Schedule timer based on temperature set points" on page 32 and "Operation example: Schedule timer based on ON/OFF instruction" on page 32.

For cooling, no setback function is available.

INFORMATION

By default space cooling based on temperature set point (method 1) is enabled, so only temperature shifts are possible (no ON/OFF instruction).

10.3.8. Schedule timer operation

In schedule timer operation, the installation is controlled by the schedule timer. The actions programmed in the schedule timer will be executed automatically.

The schedule timer is enabled (icon displayed) or disabled (icon not displayed) by pressing the button.

Space cooling

Refer to "Programming space cooling" on page 33.

4 actions can be programmed, these actions are repeated daily.

The space cooling schedule timer can be programmed in 2 different ways:

- Based on the temperature set point (leaving water temperature and room temperature).
- Based on the ON/OFF instruction.

The desired method is set through field setting. Refer to "8.3. Field settings" on page 18 for a detailed description how to set one or more field settings.

- [0-04] Status: defines whether ON/OFF instruction can be used in the schedule timer for space cooling.

The implementation and meaning of setting [0-04] and schedule settings are the same as for heating operation. See "Operation example: Schedule timer based on temperature set points" on page 32 and "Operation example: Schedule timer based on ON/OFF instruction" on page 32.

For cooling, no setback function is available.

INFORMATION

By default space cooling based on temperature set point (method 1) is enabled, so only temperature shifts are possible (no ON/OFF instruction).

10.3.8. Schedule timer operation

In schedule timer operation, the installation is controlled by the schedule timer. The actions programmed in the schedule timer will be executed automatically.

The schedule timer is enabled (icon displayed) or disabled (icon not displayed) by pressing the button.

Space cooling

Refer to "Programming space cooling" on page 33.

4 actions can be programmed, these actions are repeated daily.

The space cooling schedule timer can be programmed in 2 different ways:

- Based on the temperature set point (leaving water temperature and room temperature).
- Based on the ON/OFF instruction.

The desired method is set through field setting. Refer to "8.3. Field settings" on page 18 for a detailed description how to set one or more field settings.

- [0-04] Status: defines whether ON/OFF instruction can be used in the schedule timer for space cooling.

The implementation and meaning of setting [0-04] and schedule settings are the same as for heating operation. See "Operation example: Schedule timer based on temperature set points" on page 32 and "Operation example: Schedule timer based on ON/OFF instruction" on page 32.

For cooling, no setback function is available.

INFORMATION

By default space cooling based on temperature set point (method 1) is enabled, so only temperature shifts are possible (no ON/OFF instruction).

10.3.8. Schedule timer operation

In schedule timer operation, the installation is controlled by the schedule timer. The actions programmed in the schedule timer will be executed automatically.

The schedule timer is enabled (icon displayed) or disabled (icon not displayed) by pressing the button.

Space cooling

Refer to "Programming space cooling" on page 33.

4 actions can be programmed, these actions are repeated daily.

The space cooling schedule timer can be programmed in 2 different ways:

- Based on the temperature set point (leaving water temperature and room temperature).
- Based on the ON/OFF instruction.

The desired method is set through field setting. Refer to "8.3. Field settings" on page 18 for a detailed description how to set one or more field settings.

- [0-04] Status: defines whether ON/OFF instruction can be used in the schedule timer for space cooling.

The implementation and meaning of setting [0-04] and schedule settings are the same as for heating operation. See "Operation example: Schedule timer based on temperature set points" on page 32 and "Operation example: Schedule timer based on ON/OFF instruction" on page 32.

For cooling, no setback function is available.

INFORMATION

By default space cooling based on temperature set point (method 1) is enabled, so only temperature shifts are possible (no ON/OFF instruction).
Operation example: Schedule timer based on temperature set points

When setback function is enabled, the setback operation will have priority over the scheduled action in the schedule timer.

Operation example: Schedule timer based on ON/OFF instruction

When setback function is enabled, the setback operation will have priority over the scheduled action in the schedule timer if ON instruction is active. If OFF instruction is active this will have priority over the setback function. At any time the OFF instruction will have the highest priority.

Method 2 (Programmed actions)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Space heating based on ON/OFF instruction</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>During operation</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>When the schedule timer switches space heating OFF, the controller will be switched off (operation LED will stop working).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>When pushing the</strong></th>
<th><strong>button</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>When the schedule timer for space heating will stop (when active at that moment) and will start again at the next scheduled ON function. The &quot;last&quot; programmed command overrules the &quot;preceding&quot; programmed command and will remain active until the &quot;next&quot; programmed command occurs. Example: imagine the actual time is 17:30 and actions are programmed at 13:00, 16:00 and 19:00. The &quot;last&quot; programmed command (16:00) overrules the &quot;preceding&quot; programmed command (13:00) and will remain active until the &quot;next&quot; programmed command (19:00) occurs. So in order to know the actual setting, one should consult the last programmed command. It is clear that the &quot;last&quot; programmed command may date from the day before. Refer to &quot;Consulting programmed actions&quot; on page 35. The controller will be switched off (operation LED will stop working). However the schedule timer icon will stay displayed.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| When pushing the **OFF** button | The schedule timer for space heating will be stopped and will not start again. The schedule timer icon will not be displayed anymore. |

INFORMATION

- When power returns after a power supply failure, the auto restart function reactivates the user interface settings at the time of the power supply failure (if time is shorter than 2 hours). It is therefore recommended to leave the auto restart function enabled.
- The programmed schedule is time driven. Therefore, it is essential to set the clock and the day of the week correctly.
- Refer to "10.3.3. Setting up the controller" on page 28.
- When the schedule timer is not enabled (icon not displayed), schedule timer actions will not be executed!
- The programmed actions are not stored according to their timing but according to the time of programming. This means that the action that was programmed first gets action number 1, even though it is executed after other programmed action numbers.
10.3.10. Programming and consulting the schedule timer

Getting started

Programming the schedule timer is flexible (you can add, remove or alter programmed actions whenever required) and straightforward (programming steps are limited to a minimum). However, before programming the schedule timer, remind:

- Familiarize yourself with the icons and the buttons. You will need them when programming. Refer to “10.3.2. Name and function of buttons and icons” on page 27.
- Fill out the form at the very end of this manual. This form can help you define the required actions for each day.
- Take your time to enter all data accurately.
- Try to program the actions in a chronological way: start with action 1 for the first action and end with the highest number for the last action. This is not a requirement but will simplify the interpretation of the program later.
- If 2 or more actions are programmed for the same day and at the same time, only the first programmed action will be executed.

Example:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Programmed actions</th>
<th>Temperature</th>
<th>Temperature</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Time (hour)</td>
<td>°F (°C)</td>
<td>Time (hour)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 18:00 — OFF</td>
<td>1 08:00 — 70 (21)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 08:00 — 73 (23)</td>
<td>2 08:00 — 73 (23)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 06:00 — 70 (21)</td>
<td>3 18:00 — 70 (21)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 18:00 — 79 (26)</td>
<td>4 18:00 — 79 (26)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

You can always alter, add or remove the programmed actions later.
Programming space cooling is carried out as follows:

1. Press the `<` button to enter the programming/consulting mode.

2. Select the operation mode you would like to program by means of the `pi` and `pj` buttons. The actual mode is blinking.

3. Press the `<` button to confirm the selected mode. The time is blinking.

4. Consult the action by means of the `pi` and `pj` buttons.

5. Hold down the `<` button for 5 seconds to program the detailed actions. The first programmed action appears.

6. Use the `<` button to select the action number you would like to program or to modify.

7. Use the `©a` and `©b` buttons to set the correct action time.

8. Use the `©c` and `©d` buttons to set the leaving water temperature.

9. Use the `©e` and `©f` buttons to set the room temperature.

10. Use the `©g` button to select OFF to switch cooling and the user interface off.

11. Repeat steps 6 to 10 to program the other actions. When all actions have been programmed, make sure that the display shows the highest action number you would like to save.

12. Press the `<` button for 5 seconds to store the programmed actions. If the `<` button is pressed when action number 3 is displayed, actions 1, 2 and 3 are stored but 4 is deleted. You automatically return to step 5. By pressing the `©g` button several times, you return to previous steps in this procedure and finally return to normal operation.

13. You automatically return to step 5, start again to program the following day.

---

Programming space heating

Returning to previous steps in the programming procedure without saving modified settings is done by pressing the `<` button.
Programming space heating is carried out as follows:

1. Press the button to enter the programming/consulting mode.
2. Select the operation mode you would like to program by means of the and buttons. The actual mode is blinking.
3. Press the button to confirm the selected mode. The actual day is blinking.
4. Select the day you would like to consult or to program by means of the and buttons. The selected day is blinking.
5. Press the button to confirm the selected day.
6. Hold down the button for 5 seconds to program the detailed actions. The first programmed action of the selected day appears.
7. Use the button to select the action number you would like to program or to modify.
8. Use the and buttons to set the correct action time.
9. Use the and buttons to set the leaving water temperature.
10. Use the and buttons to set the room temperature.
11. Use the button to select:
    - OFF: to switch heating and the user interface off.
    - to select automatic temperature calculation for leaving water temperature.
    - Use the and buttons to set the appropriate shift value (refer to “Setting the schedule timer” on page 28 for more information about weather dependent set point).
12. Repeat steps 7 to 11 to program the other actions of the selected day. When all actions have been programmed, make sure that the display shows the highest action number you would like to save.
13. Press the button for 5 seconds to store the programmed actions. If the button is pressed when action number 3 is displayed, actions 1, 2 and 3 are stored but 4 is deleted. You automatically return to step 6. By pressing the button several times, you return to previous steps in this procedure and finally return to normal operation.
14. You automatically return to step 6, start again to program the following day.

Consulting programmed actions
Consulting space heating/cooling actions
Consulting space heating/cooling actions is carried out as follows:

1. Press the button to enter the programming/consulting mode.
2. Select the operation mode you would like to consult by means of the and buttons. The actual mode is blinking.
3. Press the button to confirm the selected mode. The actual day is blinking.
4. Select the day you would like to consult by means of the and buttons. The selected day is blinking.
5. Press the button to confirm the selected day. The first programmed action of the selected day appears.
6. Use the and buttons to consult the other programmed actions of that day. This is called the readout mode. Empty program actions (e.g. 4) are not displayed.

Tips and tricks
Programming the next day(s)
After confirming the programmed actions of a specific day (i.e. after pressing the button for 5 seconds), press the button once. You can now select another day by using the and buttons and restart consulting and programming.

Copying programmed actions to next day
In space heating program it is possible to copy all programmed actions of a specific day to the next day (e.g. copy all programmed actions from "MON" to "TUE").

To copy programmed actions to the next day, proceed as follows:
1. Press the button. The actual mode is blinking.
2. Use the and buttons to select the mode you want to program. The selected mode is blinking. You can leave programming by pressing the button.
3. Press the button to confirm the selected mode. The actual day is blinking.
4. Select the day you would like to copy to the next day by means of the and buttons. The selected day is blinking. You can return to step 2 by pressing the button.
5. Press the and buttons simultaneously for 5 seconds. After 5 seconds the display will show the next day (e.g. "TUE" if "MON" was selected first). This indicates that the day has been copied.
You can return to step 2 by pressing the button.
Deleting one or more programmed actions

Deleting one or more programmed actions is done at the same time as storing the programmed actions.

When all actions for one day have been programmed, make sure that the display shows the highest action number you would like to save. By pressing the \(<\) button for 5 seconds, you store all actions except those with a higher action number than the one that is displayed.

E.g. when the \(<\) button is pressed when action number 3 is displayed, actions 1, 2 and 3 are stored but 4 is deleted.

Deleting a mode

1. Press the \(<\) button.
   The actual mode is blinking.
2. Use the \(<\) and \(\pi\) buttons to select the mode you want to delete.
   The selected mode is blinking.
3. Press the \(<\) and \(\pi\) button simultaneously for 5 seconds to delete the selected mode.

Deleting a day of the week

1. Press the \(<\) button.
   The actual mode is blinking.
2. Use the \(<\) and \(\pi\) buttons to select the mode you want to delete.
   The selected mode is blinking.
3. Press the \(<\) button to confirm the selected mode.
   The actual day is blinking.
4. Select the day you would like to delete by means of the \(<\) and \(\pi\) buttons.
   The selected day is blinking.
5. Press the \(<\) and \(\pi\) button simultaneously for 5 seconds to delete the selected day.

10.3.11. Operating the optional demand PCB

An optional PCB EKRPIAHITA can be connected to the unit and be used to remotely control the unit.

There are 2 inputs that allow:
- Remote thermo on - off.
- Remote unit on - off.

For more details about this option kit, refer to the wiring diagram of the unit.

10.3.12. Operating the optional user interface

If besides the main user interface the optional user interface is installed as well, the main user interface (main) can access all settings while the second user interface (sub) can not access schedule settings and parameter settings.

Refer to the installation manual for more details.

10.4. Field settings

\section*{NOTE}
The default values mentioned in "8.3. Field settings" on page 18 are the values from factory. The actual initial values shall be selected according to your application. These values shall be confirmed by your installer.

The unit shall be configured by the installer to match the installation environment (outdoor climate, installed options, etc.) and user demand. However, the field settings mentioned in "8.3. Field settings" on page 18 can be modified to customer preferences. Therefore, a number of so called field settings are available. These field settings are accessible and programmable through the user interface.

Each field setting is assigned a 3-digit number or code, for example [1-03], which is indicated on the user interface display. The first digit [1] indicates the ‘first code’ or field setting group. The second and third digit [03] together indicate the ‘second code’.

A list of all field settings and default values is given under "8.3. Field settings" on page 18. In this same list, we provided 2 columns to register the date and value of altered field settings at variance with the default value.
10.4.1. Procedure

To change one or more field settings, proceed as follows.

1. Press the button for a minimum of 5 seconds to enter FIELD SET MODE. The SETTING icon (3) will be displayed. The current selected field setting code is indicated (2), with the set value displayed to the right (1).

2. Press the button to select the appropriate field setting first code.

3. Press the button to select the appropriate field setting second code.

4. Press the button and button to change the set value of the selected field setting.

5. Save the new value by pressing the button.

6. Repeat step 2 through 4 to change other field settings as required.

7. When finished, press the button to exit FIELD SET MODE.

**NOTE**

Changes made to a specific field setting are only stored when the button is pressed. Navigating to a new field setting code or pressing the button will discard the change made.

**INFORMATION**

- Before shipping, the set values have been set as shown under "8.3. Field settings" on page 18.
- When exiting FIELD SET MODE, "88" may be displayed on the user interface LCD while the unit initialises itself.

**NOTE**

- When running through the field settings you may notice that there are some more field settings as there are mentioned in the "8.3. Field settings" on page 18. These field settings are not applicable and may not be changed!
- For more information about installation related settings, see installation manual of the unit. For settings different from the default value, contact your installer.
11. Maintenance

11.1. Important information regarding the refrigerant used

This product contains fluorinated greenhouse gases. Do not vent gases into the atmosphere.

Refrigerant type: R410A
GWP(1) value: 2087.5

(1) GWP = global warming potential

Periodical inspections for refrigerant leaks may be required depending on the applicable legislation. Please contact your local dealer for more information.

11.2. Maintenance activities

In order to ensure optimal readiness of the unit, a number of checks and inspections on the unit and the field wiring have to be carried out at regular intervals, preferably yearly. This maintenance should be carried out by your local Daikin technician (see installation manual).

The only maintenance which may be required by the operator is:

- Keeping the user interface clean by means of a soft damp cloth.
- Checking if the water pressure indicated on the manometer is above 1 bar.

**WARNING**

If the supply cord is damaged, it must be replaced by the manufacturer, its agent or similar qualified persons in order to avoid hazards.

12. Troubleshooting

The guidelines below might help to solve your problem. If you cannot solve the problem, consult your installer.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Possible causes</th>
<th>Corrective actions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No readings on the user interface (blank display)</td>
<td>Check if the main power is still connected to your installation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>One of the malfunction codes appears</td>
<td>Consult your local dealer. Refer to the installation manual or below table for a detailed list of malfunction codes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The schedule timer does work but the programmed actions are executed at the wrong time. (e.g. 1 hour too late or too early)</td>
<td>Check if the clock and the day of the week are set correctly, correct if necessary.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The schedule timer is programmed but does not work.</td>
<td>In case the icon is not displayed, push the button to enable the schedule timer.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12.1. Malfunction codes list

When a safety device is activated, the user interface LED will be flashing, and a malfunction code will be displayed.

A list of malfunctions and corrective actions can be found in "8.6.2. Malfunction codes list" on page 25.

Reset the safety by pushing the button.

In case this procedure for resetting the safety is not successful, contact your local dealer.

For other malfunction codes which may be displayed during the system test run or operation, see the installation manual of the outdoor unit.

13. Technical Data

13.1. Piping diagram

[Diagram of piping diagram]
13.2. Wiring diagram

A1P ........................ Main PCB (master)
A2P ........................ User interface PCB
A3P ........................ Remote user interface PCB
C1-C3 .................... Filter capacitor
F1U ....................... Fuse (T, 3.15 A, 250 V)
HAP ....................... PCB LED
K1E ........................ Electronic expansion valve
K*R (A3P) .............. PCB relay
M1P ....................... Pump
PS (A1P)................ Switching power supply
Q1Dl ...................... Earth leakage circuit breaker
R1T ........................ Leaving water thermistor
R2T ........................ Returning water thermistor
R3T ........................ Refrigerant liquid thermistor
R4T ........................ Refrigerant gas thermistor
S1L ........................ Flow switch
SS1 (A1P).............. Selector switch (emergency)
SS1 (A2P).............. Selector switch (main/sub)
SS1 (A5P).............. Selector switch (main/sub)
T1R ........................ Diode bridge
V1C-V2C ............... Ferrite core noise filter
X1M-X2M............... Terminal strip
Z1F (A1P).............. Noise filter

Notes
only for *** only for ***
power supply power supply
Cooling/heating output: Cooling/heating output:
Operation on/off output: Operation on/off output:
Error output: Error output:
F1F2 communication: see outdoor unit for more details F1F2 communication: see outdoor unit for more details
User interface User interface
Remote user interface Remote user interface

Colours
BLK ........................ Black
BLU ........................ Blue
BRN ........................ Brown
ORG ........................ Orange
RED ........................ Red
WHT ........................ White
YLW ........................ Yellow
13.3. Electrical components box

- a) A1P: main PCB
- b) A3P: control PCB
- c) A4P: optional demand PCB
- d) X2M: terminal strip
- e) X1M: terminal strip

13.4. Operation range HXY48

**Cooling mode**

- a) Outdoor unit Ta (°FDB/°FWB) (Ta (°CDB/°CWB))
- b) LWT (°F) (LWT (°C))
- c) Startup area
- d) Continuous cooling
- e) Pull down

**Heating mode**

- a) Outdoor unit Ta (°FDB/°FWB) (Ta (°CDB/°CWB))
- b) LWT (°F) (LWT (°C))
- c) Startup area
- d) Continuous heating

*Maximum 75.2°FDB (24°CDB)*

13.5. ESP curve

- Total unit ESP/4000 rpm/ΔT=9°F (5°C)
- Total unit ESP/3800 rpm/ΔT=14.4°F (8°C)
- Maximum ESP if ΔT=9°F (5°C) (heating nominal)
- Maximum ESP if ΔT=9°F (5°C) (cooling nominal)

14. Disposal requirements

Dismantling of the unit, treatment of the refrigerant, of oil and other parts must be done in accordance with the applicable legislation.

Do not try to dismantle the system yourself: the dismantling of the system, treatment of the refrigerant, of oil and other parts must be done by a qualified installer in accordance with the applicable legislation.

Units must be treated at a specialized treatment facility for re-use, recycling and recovery. By ensuring this product is disposed off correctly, you will help to prevent potential negative consequences for the environment and human health. Please contact the installer or local authority for more information.

**NOTE**

When LWE is selected <64°F (18°C); optional drain pan has to be used for Hydrobox.